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## Physic

# Second secondaryWeekgrade14Weekly Assessment14

#### **Prepare and review**

#### Science Development Office

### Weekly assement

- 1) A layer of viscous liquid with a thickness of 8 cm is placed between two horizontal, parallel flat plates. If the viscosity coefficient of the liquid is 0.8 Kg/m.s, find:
  - (a) The force required to move a thin plate with an area of 0.5 m<sup>2</sup> at a speed of 2 m/s parallel to the two levels and a distance of 2 cm from one of them.
  - (b) The pressure resulting from this force acting on the thin plate.
- 2) Mention the scientific reason for each of the following:
  - (a) The momentum of a solid body decreases when it moves in a fluid
  - (b) Floating aquatic plants are often found near beaches.
  - (c) Inhabitants of the upper floors feel the wind speed more than those of the lower floors
  - (d) The speed of sea waves decreases when closing we get to the beach
  - (e) When water waves move from a deep point to a shallow point, their speed decreases
  - (f) Increasing the speed of a car beyond a certain limit causes an increase in fuel consumption.
  - (g) Metal machines should be lubricated and greased
  - (h) Water is not used to lubricate metal machines, while high-viscosity oils are used.
  - (i) The sedimentation rate in the blood decreases below the normal rate in the case of anemia
  - (j) The sedimentation rate of red blood cells increases in patients with rheumatic fever.
  - (k) A doctor can diagnose a type of disease by performing a blood sedimentation rate test.
- 3) What is meant by?
  - (a) The viscosity of a liquid = 0.8 kg/(m.s)
  - (b) The sedimentation rate of blood in a normal person = 15 mm/h
- 4) A car starts from rest and its speed increases until it exceeds 120 km/h. what is the figure that expresses the relationship between speed and air resistance?



5) In the corresponding figure, when a liquid A is put between the two plates and a tangential force 100 N is applied on the upper plate, the plate moves with velocity 0.2 m/s, and when changing the liquid A with another liquid B and applying a tangential force 50 N on the upper plate the plate moves with a velocity 0.4 m/s, what is the ratio between the coefficients of viscosity of the two liquids ?



- 6) A panel its area 225 cm<sup>2</sup> is affected by a tangential force 4.5 N causes it to slide on another slab at rest, between them a layer of liquid its viscosity coefficient 0.8 N. s/m<sup>2</sup> and thickness 2.2 mm. What is the velocity of the slab?
- 7) The ratio between the coefficient of viscosity of air over the poles to the coefficient of viscosity of air at the equator is .....
  - (A) greater than one.
  - (B) less than one
  - (C) equal to one.
  - **(D)** Vanishes
- 8) A flat plate has area  $0.01 m^2$  moves with velocity 12.5 m/s, isolated from another large static plate with a layer of liquid its thickness 2 mm, so if the coefficient of viscosity of the liquid is 4 kg/m.s. Calculate The force required to keep the plate moving.
- 9) A flat plate of square shape along its side 0.2 m isolated from another plate by a layer of liquid its thickness 4 cm. If a force of magnitude 20 N is applied to the first plate and it moves with a speed 1 m/s. So what is the value of the viscosity coefficient?
- 10)A Square slab its side 10 cm slides over another static slab between them a layer of a viscous liquid its viscosity coefficient equals  $1.2 N. s/m^2$ . If the upper plate moves with velocity 0.2 m/s as a result of tangential force 0.6 N, what is the thickness of the liquid layer?