

Ch 4: The role of science in environmental sustainability Lesson (3) : Biodiversity and species protection

Week (14) Assessment

Q1: Choose the correct answer

- 1) What is meant by genetic diversity?
- **(A) (C) Differences in colors between plants**
- **B O** Genetic differences between individuals within a species
- **(C) O** The number of species in a given area
- **D O** Differences in species between different environments

2) How does biodiversity contribute to improving soil quality?

- **(A) O By increasing precipitation**
- **B O** By decomposing organic matter and recycling nutrients
- **C O** Through rapid climate change
- **D O** By absorbing carbon dioxide only
- 3) What is the effect of deforestation on biodiversity?
- **(A) (C)** leads to an increase in the number of species
- **B O** increases the natural fertility of the soil
- © O causes habitat loss and threatens species survival
- **D O** leads to decrease carbon dioxide in atmospheric
- 4) How does biodiversity contribute to climate regulation?
- **(A) O By reducing genetic diversity**
- **B O** By absorbing carbon dioxide by plants
- **© O** By reducing diversity between species
- **D O** By directly reducing the Earth's temperature

Q2: Explain the importance of biodiversity in supporting life and sustaining ecosystems. Provide illustrative examples.

Q3: How do environmental changes, such as climate change and pollution, affect different species? Discuss examples.

Q4: What are the strategies used to protect endangered species? How can they be applied in our daily lives?