



وزارة التربية والتعليم و التعليم الفني  
الإدارة المركزية للتعليم العام  
إدارة تنمية مادة الرياضيات

# برعاية معالي وزير التربية والتعليم و التعليم العام السيد الأستاذ/ محمد عبد اللطيف

وتوجيهات رئيس الإدارة المركزية للتعليم العام

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إشراف علمي  
مستشار الرياضيات  
**أ/ منال عزقول**

**أداءات وتقييمات لمنهج الرياضيات**

للسف الأول الثانوي **لغات**  
الفصل الدراسي الأول  
للعام الدراسي 2025 / 2026

**الأسبوع الخامس عشر**

لجنة الإعداد

**أ/ عفاف جاد**

**أ/ إيهاب فتحي**

**أ/ عصام الجزار**

ترجمة

**أ/ محاسب على**

مراجعة

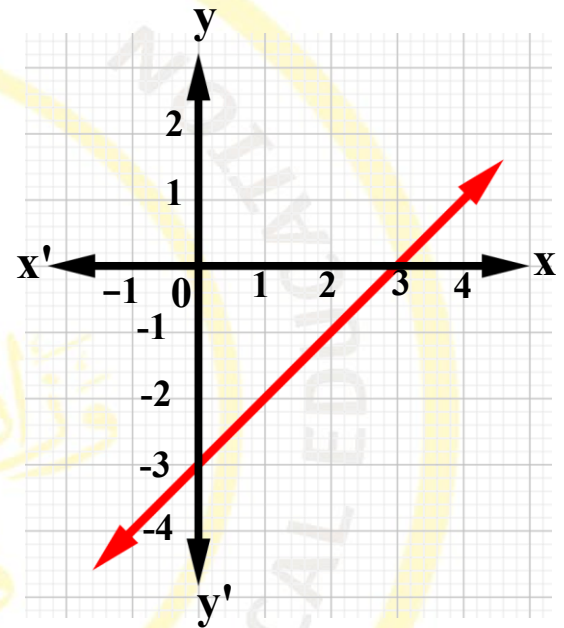
**أ/ شريف البرهامى**



15 الرياضيات لغات الصف الأول الثانوي الأداء الصفی الأسبوع الخامس عشر 15

- (1) Find the value of (a)  $(3 + 2i)(3 - 3i)$  (b)  $(1 + i)^{24}$
- (2) If the equation:  $x^2 - (2k - 1)x + k^2 = 0$  has no real roots, find the values of  $k$ .
- (3) If  $L, m$  are the two roots of the equation:  $x^2 - 7x + 3 = 0$ , find the quadratic equation of roots  $2L + 3, 2m + 3$

- (4) The opposite figure represents a first-degree function in  $x$  complete the following:
- a)  $f(x) = \text{zero}$  when  $x \in \{.....\}$
- b)  $f(x)$  is positive in the interval.....
- c)  $f(x)$  is negative in the interval....



- (5) Find in  $R$  the S.S. of the inequality:  $6 + 5x > x^2$
- (6) Prove that :
- $$3\sin 60^\circ \tan 60^\circ - 4 = 2\sec 45^\circ \csc 45^\circ + \sin 30^\circ - 8\cos 60^\circ$$

(7) Find the degree and the radian measure of a central angle subtended an arc of length (L) in a circle of radius (r) in the following cases:

a)  $L = 20 \text{ cm}, r = 5 \text{ cm}$

b)  $L = \pi \text{ cm}, r = 10 \text{ cm}$

(8) If  $\sin \alpha = \frac{3}{5}$ , where  $90^\circ < \alpha < 180^\circ$ ,  $\tan \beta = -\frac{12}{5}$

Where  $\beta \in ]\frac{3\pi}{2}, 2\pi[$ ,

$$\sin \theta = \sin(180^\circ - \alpha) \cos(\beta - 180^\circ) \cos \alpha,$$

find the measure of  $\theta$  to the nearest minute

where  $0^\circ < \theta < 90^\circ$

(9) In the opposite figure:

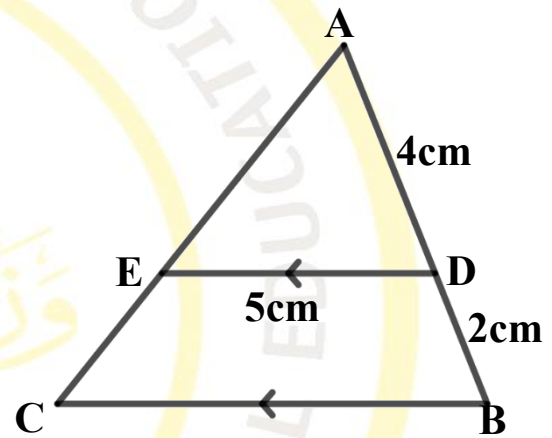
ABC is a triangle,  $D \in \overline{AB}$ ,  $E \in \overline{AC}$

Where  $\overline{DE} \parallel \overline{BC}$ ,  $AD = 4 \text{ cm}$ ,  $BD = 2 \text{ cm}$ ,

$DE = 5 \text{ cm}$ ,

first: prove that:  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle ADE$ ,

second: find the length of  $\overline{BC}$ .



(10) Two similar polygons the ratio between their perimeters is 3 : 5, if the area of one polygon is  $64 \text{ cm}^2$  less than the other, find the area of the two polygons.

(11) In the opposite figure:

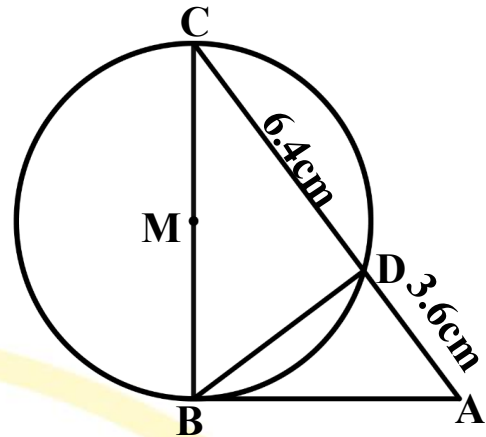
$\overline{BC}$  is a diameter of a circle M

$\overline{AB}$  is a tangent to the circle

$\overline{AC} \cap \text{the circle} = \{D, C\}$ ,

$CD = 6.4$  cm,  $AD = 3.6$  cm.

Find the length of the diameter of the circle M.



(12) In the opposite figure:

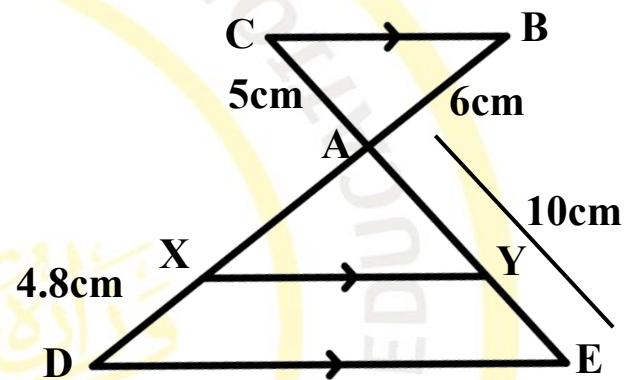
$\overline{BD} \cap \overline{CE} = \{A\}$ ,  $x \in \overline{AD}$ ,  $y \in \overline{AE}$ ,

where  $\overline{BC} \parallel \overline{XY} \parallel \overline{DE}$ ,  $AB = 6$  cm,

$AC = 5$  cm,  $AE = 10$  cm,

$DX = 4.8$  cm. find the length

of  $\overline{AD}$ ,  $\overline{YE}$ .



(13) In the opposite figure:

ABC is a triangle in which

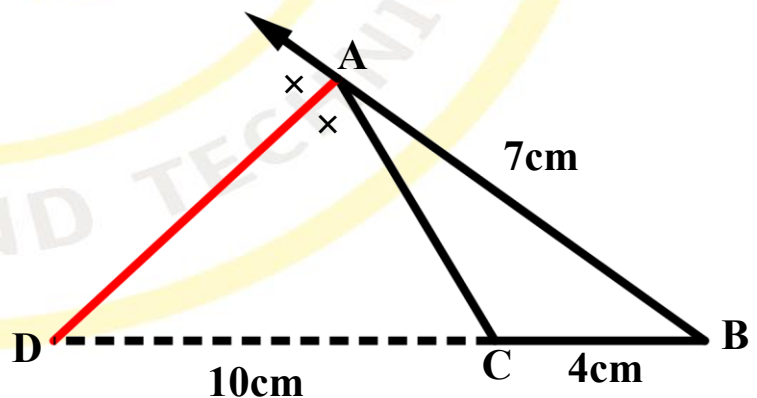
$AB = 7$  cm,  $BC = 4$  cm,

$\overrightarrow{AD}$  bisects  $\angle A$  externally

and intersects  $\overline{BC}$  at D

Where  $CD = 10$  cm.

Find the length of  $\overline{AC}$ ,  $\overline{AD}$ .



(14) In the opposite figure:

$ABC$  is a right-angled triangle at  $A$

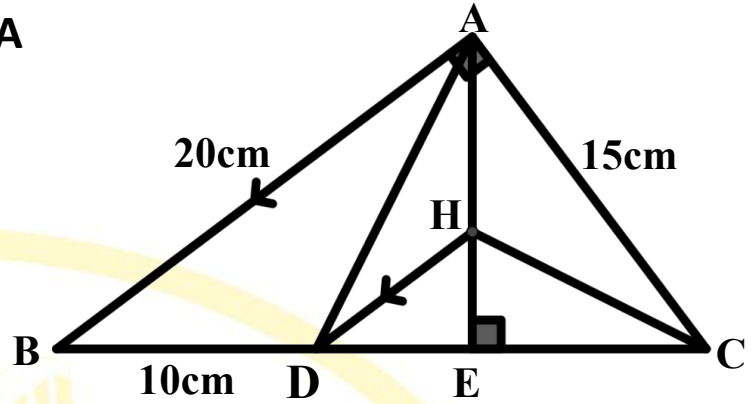
$AB = 20$  cm,  $AC = 15$  cm,

$D \in \overline{BC}$  where  $BD = 10$  cm,

$\overline{AE} \perp \overline{BC}$ ,  $\overline{HD} \parallel \overline{AB}$ ,

Prove that:

$\overline{CH}$  bisects  $\angle ACB$ .



(15) In the opposite figure:

$ABC$  is a triangle in which

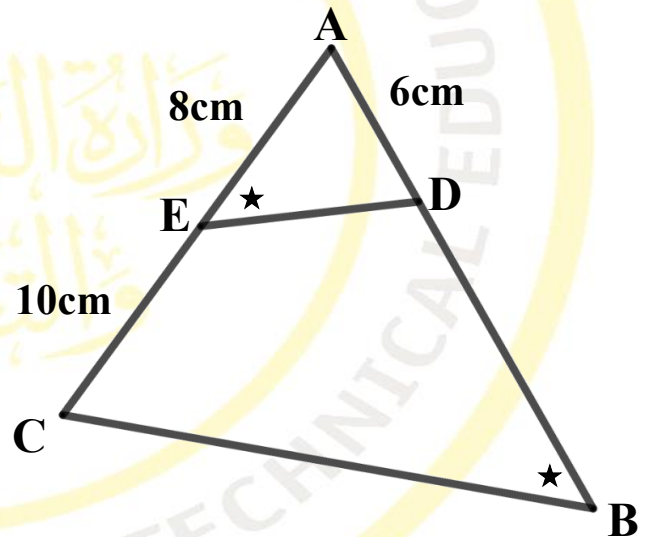
$D \in \overline{AB}$ ,  $E \in \overline{AC}$ , where

$m(\angle AED) = m(\angle B)$ ,

Prove that:

$\triangle ADE \sim \triangle ACB$ ,

Find the length of  $\overline{DB}$ .





(1) Find the value of  $x, y$  which satisfy the equation:

$$\frac{(4+i)(4-i)}{(5-3i)} = x + yi, \text{ where } x, y \text{ are real numbers, } i^2 = -1$$

(2) If the two roots of the equation:

$$x^2 - 2(k+3)x + 7k + 9 = 0 \text{ are equal, then find}$$

First: the values of  $k$       second: the two roots of the equation

(3) Form the quadratic equation of roots :  $\frac{-2+2i}{1+i}, \frac{-2-4i}{2-i}$ .

(4) Find the sign of the function  $f: f(x) = 12 - 5x - 2x^2$ ,  
represent that on the number line.

(5) Find in  $\mathbb{R}$  the solution set of the inequality :

$$x^2 + 2x - 8 > 0$$

(6) If the measure of a directed angle in the standard position is  $150^\circ$ ,  
then answer the following :

First: determine the quadrant at which the angle lies

Second: determine two coterminal angles one of positive and the  
other is negative measure

(7) If  $\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{2}$ , where  $\alpha$  is the measure of the smallest positive angle,  
 $\tan \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ , where  $180^\circ < \theta < 270^\circ$ ,  
find the value of  $\sin \alpha \cos \theta + \cos \alpha \sin \theta$

(8) If  $\tan \theta = \sin 600^\circ \cos(-30^\circ) + \sin 150^\circ \cos(-240^\circ)$   
Find the values of  $\theta$ , where  $\theta \in ]0, 2\pi[$

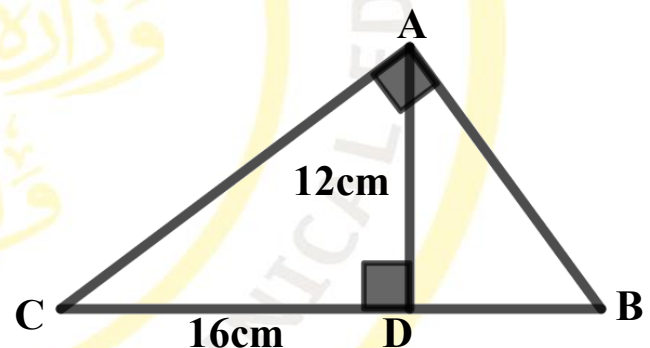
(9) Two similar polygons the ratio between two corresponding side is 4:5, if the perimeter of greater polygon is 35 cm, find the perimeter of the smaller polygon

(10) In the opposite figure:  
ABC is a right-angled triangle  
at A,  $\overline{AD} \perp \overline{BC}$ ,  $AD = 12$  cm,  
 $DC = 16$  cm.

First: write the triangles

which similar to triangle ABC

Second : find the length of  $\overline{BD}$ ,  $\overline{AB}$  and  $\overline{AC}$



(11) In the opposite figure:

$$\overline{AB} \cap \overline{CD} = \{E\},$$

$$AE = 3\text{cm}, EB = 6\text{cm}$$

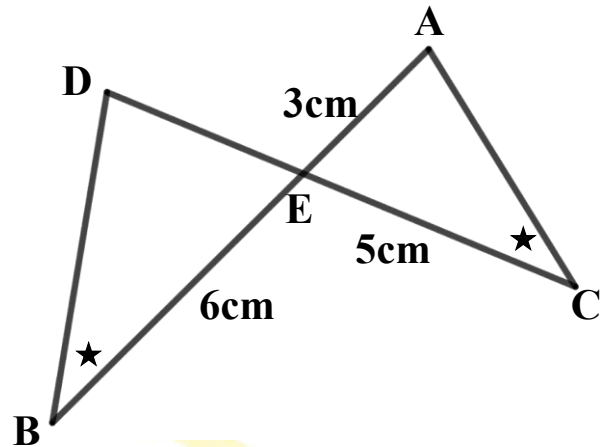
$$CE = 5\text{cm}, m(\angle B) = m(\angle C)$$

Find :

first: the length of  $\overline{DE}$

Second: the area of triangle DEB,

if the area of triangle ACE is  $900\text{ cm}^2$

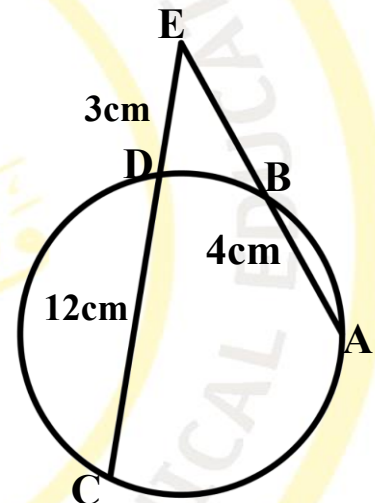


(12) In the opposite figure:

$\overline{AB}, \overline{CD}$  are two chords in a circle

$$\overline{AB} \cap \overline{CD} = \{E\}, AB = 4\text{cm}, DE = 3\text{cm}$$

$CD = 12\text{ cm}$ , find the length of  $\overline{EB}$ .



(13)  $\overline{XY} \cap \overline{ZL} = \{M\}$ , where  $\overline{XZ} \parallel \overline{LY}$ , if  $XM = 9\text{cm}$ ,

$YM = 15\text{cm}$ ,  $ZL = 36\text{ cm}$ , find the length  $\overline{ZM}$ .

(14) In the opposite figure:

$ABC$  is a triangle,

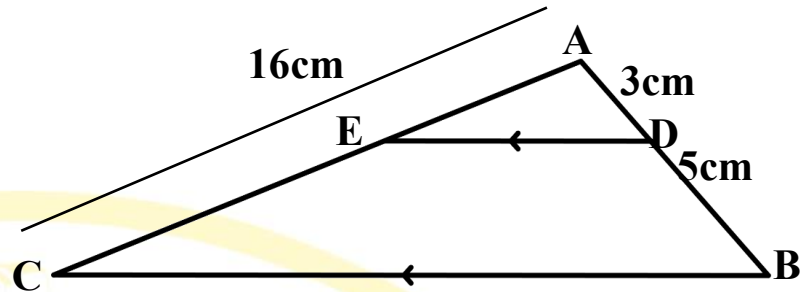
$D \in \overline{AB}, E \in \overline{AC}$ ,

Where  $\overline{DE} \parallel \overline{BC}$

$AD = 3\text{cm}, DB = 5\text{cm},$

$AC = 16\text{cm},$

find the length of  $\overline{AE}$ .



(15) In the opposite figure:

$ABC$  is a triangle in which

$AB = 15\text{ cm}, BD = 10\text{ cm},$

$DC = 6\text{ cm}, \overline{AD}$  bisects  $\angle A$ ,

to intersect  $\overline{BC}$  at  $D$ ,

find the length of  $\overline{AC}, \overline{AD}$

