



PRIMARY 2

MATHEMATICS

TERM 2

2025 - 2026

FOREWORD

This is a pivotal time in the history of the Ministry of Education and Technical Education (MOETE) in Egypt. We are embarking on the transformation of Egypt's K-12 education system starting in September 2018 with KG1, KG2 and Primary 1 continuing to be rolled out year after year until 2030. We are transforming the way in which students learn to prepare Egypt's youth to succeed in a future world that we cannot entirely imagine.

MOETE is very proud to present this new series of textbooks, Discover, with the accompanying digital learning materials that captures its vision of the transformation journey. This is the result of much consultation, much thought and a lot of work. We have drawn on the best expertise and experience from national and international organizations and education professionals to support us in translating our vision into an innovative national curriculum framework and exciting and inspiring print and digital learning materials.

The MOETE extends its deep appreciation to its own "Central Administration for Curriculum Development" (CACD) and "Discovery Education".

This transformation of Egypt's education system would not have been possible without the significant support of Egypt's current president, His Excellency President Abdel Fattah El-Sisi. Overhauling the education system is part of the president's vision of 'rebuilding the Egyptian citizen' and it is closely coordinated with the ministries of higher education & scientific research, Culture, and Youth & Sports. Education 2.0 is only a part in a bigger national effort to propel Egypt to the ranks of developed countries and to ensure a great future to all of its citizens.

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LESSON 1 : EXPLORING MONEY

APPLY :

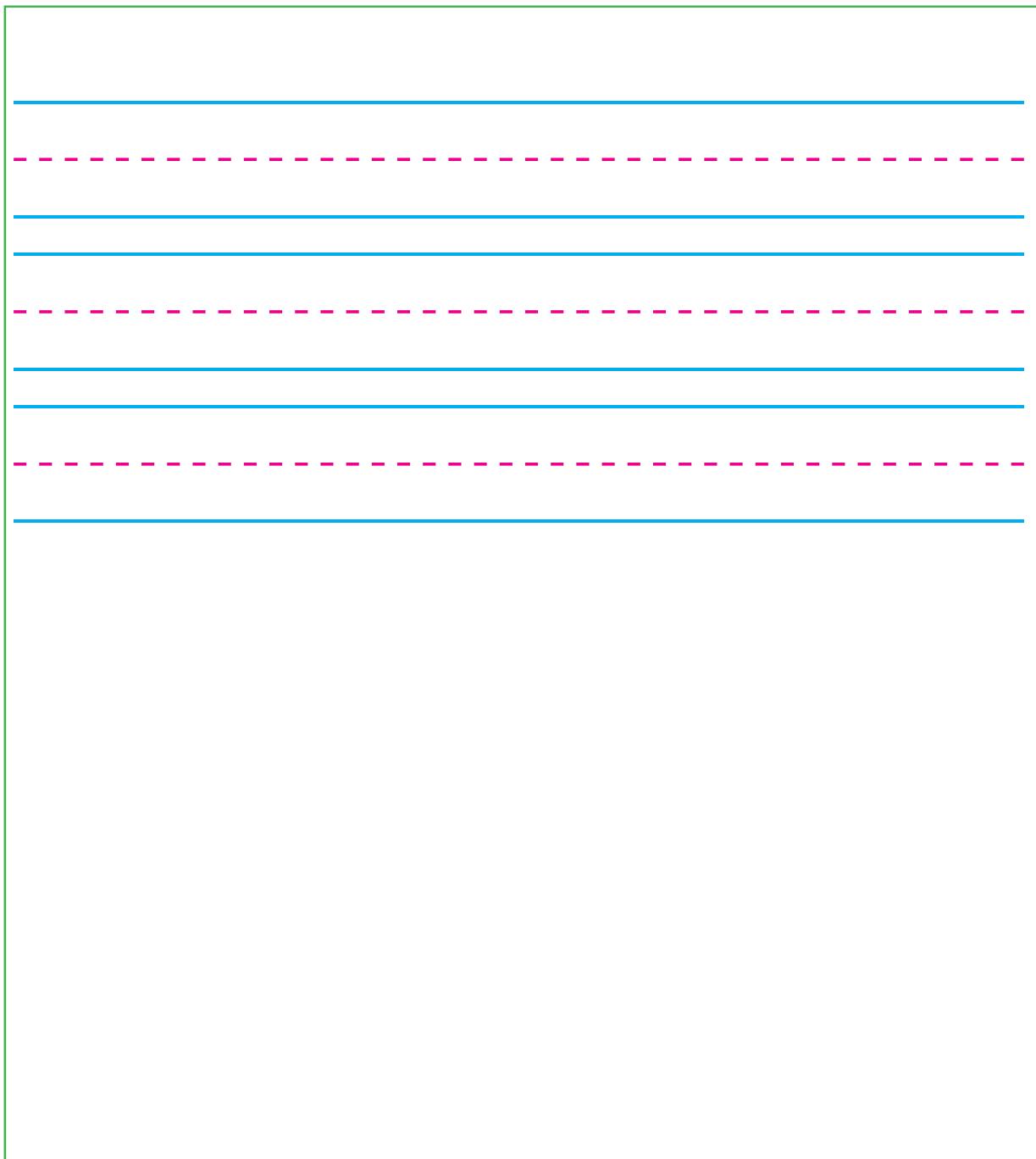
Directions: Match your banknotes to the banknotes pictured below.

Then, write the value of each pound note.

BANKNOTE	VALUE
	
	
	
	
	
	
	
	

REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. What did you notice about the different banknotes? What connections can you make between the numbers on each banknote and the goods and services each banknote might purchase? Write or draw your thinking.



LESSON 2: COMPOSING AN AMOUNT**APPLY :**

Directions: Take turns being the Banker.

Write the amount in the first blank. Draw your answer in the second blank.

1. _____ = _____

2. _____ = _____

3. _____ = _____



LESSON 3 : APPLICATIONS ON MONEY

APPLY:

Directions: Use your banknotes to create each amount shown below.

Draw the combination of banknotes you used to purchase each item.

1. Set of books: 28 LE



2. Football: 206 LE



3. Toy truck: 149 LE



4. Video game: 724 LE



5. Plush toy: 39 LE



6. Board game: 126 LE



REFLECT:

Directions: Reflect on your learning. Draw or write to explain the importance of knowing how to decompose numbers as you learn about money.

LESSON 4: MORE APPLICATIONS ON MONEY

APPLY :

Directions: Add the money. Match each total to a price on the right by drawing a line to connect the dots.

100 LE	50 LE	1 LE	1 LE	1 LE
--------	-------	------	------	------

_____ LE ●



● Doll: 29 LE

10 LE	5 LE	1 LE	1 LE	1 LE
-------	------	------	------	------

_____ LE ●



● Scooter: 153 LE

10 LE	10 LE	5 LE	1 LE	1 LE
1 LE	1 LE			

_____ LE ●



● Roller skates: 61 LE

100 LE	50 LE	10 LE	10 LE	10 LE
1 LE	1 LE	1 LE	1 LE	

_____ LE ●



● Toy truck: 34 LE

10 LE	10 LE	10 LE	1 LE	1 LE
1 LE	1 LE			

_____ LE ●



● Basket of fruit: 18 LE

50 LE	10 LE	1 LE
-------	-------	------

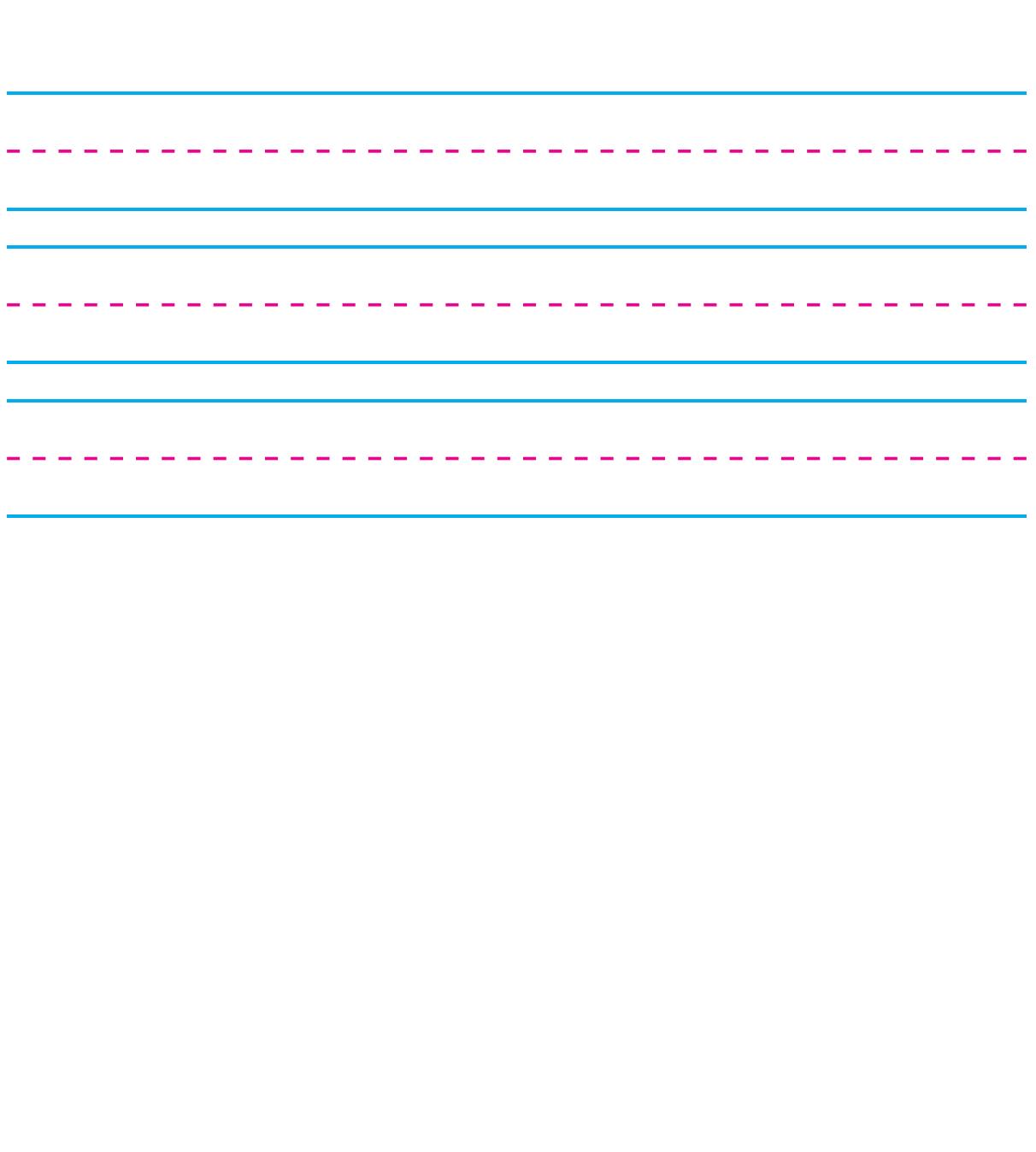
_____ LE ●



● Wagon: 184 LE

REFLECT :

Directions: Work with your Shoulder Partner to create combinations of banknotes that total 500 LE. Record your work.



LESSON 5 : WORK WITH MONEY**APPLY :**

Directions: You have 500 LE to spend at the class store. Buy as many items as you can without going over your budget of 500 LE. Write each item you purchased and its price below. Be sure to keep track of how much you are spending.

Pack of pencils: 15 LE 	Plush toy: 57 LE 	Bicycle: 127 LE 
Shoes: 450 LE 	Shirt: 73 LE 	Ball: 86 LE 
Jacket: 335 LE 	Candy: 5 LE 	Scissors: 9 LE 
Board game: 101 LE 	Toy: 41 LE 	Glue: 3 LE 
Snacks: 17 LE 	Book: 28 LE 	Backpack: 292 LE 

Item	Price	Add your prices here to keep track of your total

REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. Answer the following questions:

- What did you think about and talk about while you were doing the activity?
- What was challenging about staying within your budget?
- What would you do differently if you had the opportunity?

LESSON 6 : SAVING AND PURCHASING**APPLY :**

Directions: Follow your teacher's directions to Solve the story problems.

Write your answer on the line.

1. Ali and his brother put their money together to buy a video game. Ali had 42 LE and his brother had 57 LE.

How much money do they have all together?

_____ LE

2. Salma was given 29 LE for doing chores. She bought a basket of fruit for 14 LE.

How many pounds does Salma have left?

_____ LE

3. Aya saved 33 LE in one month. The next month she saved 24 LE.

How much money does Aya have in all?

LE

4. Mostafa was given 99 LE for his birthday. He bought a new pair of shoes for 86 LE. How many pounds does Mostafa have left ?

LE

5. Tarek bought a book for 44 LE and a new football for 44 LE. How much did Tarek owe altogether?

LE

REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. Then, create your own money story problem. It can be an addition or subtraction problem.

LESSON 7 : PLACE VALUE FOR AMOUNTS

APPLY :

Directions: Use your 1, 10, and 100 LE notes to build the amounts given by your teacher.

Place Value/Money Mat		
Hundreds 100 LE	Tens 10 LE	Ones 1 LE

LESSON 8: ADDING USING MONEY**APPLY :**

Directions: Use your 1, 10, and 100 LE notes to solve the addition problems given by your teacher.

Place Value/Money Mat		
Hundreds 100 LE	Tens 10 LE	Ones 1 LE

REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. Write about or draw something you are proud to have learned and something you are still working on.

LESSON 9 : SUBTRACTING USING MONEY**APPLY :**

Directions: Use your 1, 10, and 100 LE notes to solve the subtraction problems given by your teacher.

Place Value/Money Mat		
Hundreds 100 LE	Tens 10 LE	Ones 1 LE

REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. How is regrouping to add like regrouping to subtract? How is it different?

LESSON 10: APPLICATIONS ON ADDING AND SUBTRACTING MONEY

APPLY :

Directions: Use the place value/money mat to solve the problems on the cards.

Record your answers in the matching spot. (Look at the letters.)

A: _____ LE
B: _____ LE
C: _____ LE
D: _____ LE
E: _____ LE
F: _____ LE



Place Value/Money Mat

Hundreds 100 LE	Tens 10 LE	Ones 1 LE

REFLECT :

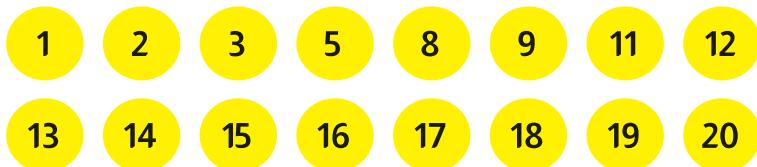
Directions: Reflect on your learning. What do you know now about money that you did not know 10 days ago? Write about or draw your thinking.

LESSON 1: EXPLORING EVEN NUMBER AND ODD NUMBER

APPLY :

Directions: Determine if the number is even or odd. Then record it in the chart.

Even	Odd
4	
6	
	7
10	



REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. Do you notice anything that the even numbers or the odd numbers have in common? Is there anything you noticed as you were testing the numbers? What do you now know about odd or even? Draw or write your answers.

LESSON 2: DOUBLE THE NUMBER

APPLY :

Directions: Double each number and then determine if the sum is even or odd.

Number	Double	Even or Odd?
1	$1+1=2$	Even
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		

Number	Double	Even or Odd ?
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		

LESSON 3: AN EVEN OR AN ODD NUMBER?

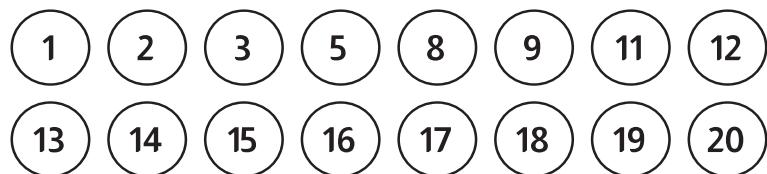
APPLY :

Directions: Choose two cards, record the addends as an equation, and find the sum.

Equation	Sum	Even or Odd ?
$4 + 5$		

REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. Color even numbers red and odd numbers blue. What patterns do you observe?



LESSON 4 : PATTERNS

APPLY :

Directions: Complete the number pattern. Write the next 2 numbers in the pattern.

	+2		+2		+2		+2		+2	
1.	2	4	6	8						

2.	0	3	6	9						

3.	10	15	20	25						

4.	20	30	40	50						

5.	5	7	9	11						

6.	12	14	16	18						

7.	4	8	12	16						

LESSON 5 : MORE PATTERNS

APPLY :

Directions: Complete the number pattern. then Write the next two numbers in the pattern.

$\underline{-5}$ $\underline{-5}$ $\underline{-5}$ $\underline{-5}$ $\underline{-5}$

1.

70	65	60	55		
----	----	----	----	--	--

$\underline{\quad}$ $\underline{\quad}$ $\underline{\quad}$ $\underline{\quad}$ $\underline{\quad}$

2.

60	50	40	30		
----	----	----	----	--	--

$\underline{\quad}$ $\underline{\quad}$ $\underline{\quad}$ $\underline{\quad}$ $\underline{\quad}$

3.

26	24	22	20		
----	----	----	----	--	--

$\underline{\quad}$ $\underline{\quad}$ $\underline{\quad}$ $\underline{\quad}$ $\underline{\quad}$

4.

45	42	39	36		
----	----	----	----	--	--

LESSON 6 : EXPLORING THE PATTERN RULE.

APPLY :

Directions: For each pattern, identify the rule, draw a line to match the pattern to its rule, and complete the pattern.

PATTERN	RULE
1. 75, 66, 57, _____, _____, _____, _____, _____	● Subtract 3
2. 30, 40, 50, _____, _____, _____, _____, _____	● Add 6
3. 12, 18, 24, _____, _____, _____, _____, _____	● Subtract 9
4. 66, 70, 74, _____, _____, _____, _____, _____	● Add 4
5. 90, 80, 70, _____, _____, _____, _____, _____	● Subtract 10
6. 27, 24, 21, _____, _____, _____, _____, _____	● Add 10

REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. Create a number pattern that involves addition or subtraction. Write the pattern and the rule.

LESSON 7 : CREATE PATTERNS INVOLVING ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION

APPLY :

Directions: Use the rule to finish the number pattern.

Rule: Add 5, Subtract 1

a) 34, , , ,

$\frac{(+5)}{\curvearrowright}$ $\frac{(-1)}{\curvearrowright}$ $\frac{(+5)}{\curvearrowright}$ $\frac{(-1)}{\curvearrowright}$

b) 20, , , ,

$\frac{(+5)}{\curvearrowright}$ $\frac{(-1)}{\curvearrowright}$ $\frac{(+5)}{\curvearrowright}$ $\frac{(-1)}{\curvearrowright}$

c) 56, , , ,

$\frac{(-1)}{\curvearrowright}$ $\frac{(+5)}{\curvearrowright}$ $\frac{(-1)}{\curvearrowright}$ $\frac{(+5)}{\curvearrowright}$

d) 75, , , ,

$\frac{(-1)}{\curvearrowright}$ $\frac{(+5)}{\curvearrowright}$ $\frac{(-1)}{\curvearrowright}$ $\frac{(+5)}{\curvearrowright}$

e) 100, , , ,

$\frac{(-1)}{\curvearrowright}$ $\frac{(+5)}{\curvearrowright}$ $\frac{(-1)}{\curvearrowright}$ $\frac{(+5)}{\curvearrowright}$

Directions: Create a number pattern and rule, when your teacher told you .

Rule: _____

_____ , _____ , _____ , _____ , _____

LESSON 8 : EXPLORING ARRAYS

APPLY:

Directions: Glue your favorite array that you made today onto this page.

REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. Why might it be important to know about arrays? How might we use arrays? Write or draw your thoughts and ideas..

LESSON 9 : REPEATED ADDITION AND ARRAYS

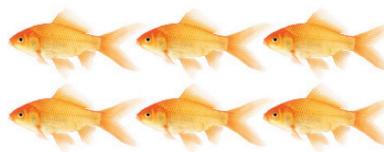
APPLY :

Directions: Count the rows and write the addition equation. Then count the columns and write the addition equation.



Rows: _____

Columns: _____



Rows: _____

Columns: _____



Rows: _____

Columns: _____



Rows: _____

Columns: _____



Rows: _____

Columns: _____

REFLECT:

Directions: Reflect on your learning.

Where have you seen arrays in the real world?

Write about or draw your ideas.

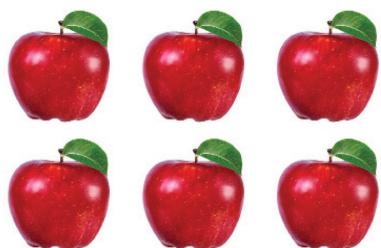
The figure is a line graph with the x-axis labeled 'N' and the y-axis labeled 'E'. It features six horizontal lines, each representing a different value of N. The lines are colored blue, red, green, yellow, orange, and purple. Each line has a corresponding dashed horizontal line above it, representing the upper bound for E. The lines are labeled with their respective N values: 10^1 , 10^2 , 10^3 , 10^4 , 10^5 , and 10^6 .

LESSON 10 : CREATING ARRAYS

APPLY :

Directions: Solve the array. Write the equations.

1.



Rows: _____

Columns: _____

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

This is a _____ by _____ array.

2.

Rows: _____

Columns: _____

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

This is a _____ by _____ array.

LESSON 1: ESTIMATING THE SUM OR THE DIFFERENCE

APPLY:

Directions: Use front-end estimation to rewrite the problems.

Then find the estimated sum or difference.

1. Estimate: $32 + 54$

$$\boxed{} + \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

2. Estimate: $93 - 41$

$$\boxed{} - \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

3. Estimate: $53 + 15$

$$\boxed{} + \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

4. Estimate: $86 - 25$

$$\boxed{} - \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

5. Estimate: $57 + 22$

$$\boxed{} + \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

6. Estimate: $72 - 54$

$$\boxed{} - \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

7. Estimate: $35 + 92$

$$\boxed{} + \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

8. Estimate: $234 + 140$

$$\boxed{} + \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

9. Estimate: $581 - 348$

$$\boxed{} - \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

10. Estimate: $378 + 234$

$$\boxed{} + \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

LESSON 2 : ROUNDING TO THE NEAREST 10**APPLY :**

Directions: Write the numbers your teacher gives you. Use the blank number line to help you round each number to the nearest Ten.



Number	The result to nearest 10
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
7.	
8.	
9.	
10.	

LESSON 3 : APPLICATIONS ON ESTIMATING AND ROUNDING

APPLY :

Directions: Show your work and record your estimates in the box that matches the problem. Circle the estimation strategy you used.

A.	B.
Front-end estimation Rounding	Front-end estimation Rounding
C.	D.
Front-end estimation Rounding	Front-end estimation Rounding
E.	F.
Front-end estimation Rounding	Front-end estimation Rounding

REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. which estimation strategy do you prefer: front - end estimation or rounding ? write or draw your thinking and explanation.

LESSON 4 : ADDING TWO 2-DIGIT NUMBERS WITH REGROUPING

APPLY :

Directions: Use the place value mat to solve the addition problems.

Record your answers.

1.
$$\begin{array}{r} 52 \\ + 27 \\ \hline \end{array} =$$

2.
$$\begin{array}{r} 68 \\ + 24 \\ \hline \end{array} =$$

3.
$$\begin{array}{r} 67 \\ + 25 \\ \hline \end{array} =$$

4.
$$\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ + 56 \\ \hline \end{array} =$$

5.
$$\begin{array}{r} 64 \\ + 28 \\ \hline \end{array} =$$

6.
$$\begin{array}{r} 56 \\ + 29 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

7.
$$\begin{array}{r} 28 \\ + 28 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

8.
$$\begin{array}{r} 76 \\ + 15 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

9.
$$\begin{array}{r} 29 \\ + 57 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

10.
$$\begin{array}{r} 44 \\ + 39 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Tens	Ones

REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. Why is it sometimes necessary to regroup to solve problems? Write or draw your thinking.

LESSON 5 : MORE OF ADDING TWO 2-DIGIT NUMBERS WITH REGROUPING

APPLY :

Directions: Solve the addition problems. Use straws or drawings to help you regroup.

1. $18 + 24 =$ _____

2. $32 + 18 =$ _____

3. $47 + 37 =$ _____

4. $53 + 26 =$ _____

5. $75 + 19 =$ _____

Tens	Ones

REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. Did you use straws or drawings to solve the addition problems? Why? Write or draw your explanation.

LESSON 6 : ADDING TWO 3-DIGIT NUMBERS WITH REGROUPING

APPLY :

Directions: Use the place value mat to add numbers.

1. Addition Problem:

$$\boxed{} + \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

2. Addition Problem:

$$\boxed{} + \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

3. Addition Problem:

$$\boxed{} + \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

4. Addition Problem:

$$\boxed{} + \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

5. Addition Problem:

$$\boxed{} + \boxed{} = \boxed{}$$

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

LESSON 7: MORE OF ADDING TWO 3-DIGIT NUMBERS WITH REGROUPING

APPLY :

Directions: Write the addition equations your teacher gives you. Draw place value pictures to represent the addends. Regroup when needed. Add to find the sum.

1 .

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

2 .

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

3 .

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

4 .

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

5

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

6

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

REFLECT :

Directions: Use what you know about mental math strategies and regrouping to solve $145 + 155$. Show your work. Then, compare your answer with your Shoulder Partner's answer.

LESSON 8 : ADDING TWO NUMBERS WITH OR WITHOUT REGROUPING USING MODELS

APPLY :

Directions: Write down the problem given by the “teacher.” Solve the problem and have the “teacher” check your work. Then switch roles.

		Hundreds
		Tens
		Ones

LESSON 9 : ADDING TWO NUMBERS WITH OR WITHOUT REGROUPING

APPLY :

Directions: Work with your teacher to solve addition problems. Record your work below.

1 .

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

2 .

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

3 .

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

4. _____

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

5. _____

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

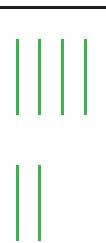
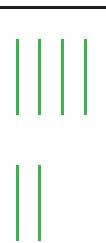
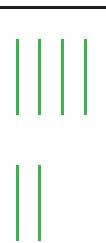
6. _____

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

LESSON 10 : STRATEGIES FOR ADDING TWO NUMBERS

APPLY :

Directions: Check each problem. The student's answer is in red. If the answer to a problem is incorrect, mark it with an X. If the answer to a problem is correct, mark it with a star. Correct one of the problems.

<p>Problem 1</p> $ \begin{array}{r} 123 \\ + \quad 59 \\ \hline 172 \end{array} $	<p>Problem 2</p> <p>Round 35 to the nearest ten.</p> <p>30</p>	<p>Problem 3</p> $ \begin{array}{r} 99 \\ + \quad 8 \\ \hline 107 \end{array} $						
<p>Problem 4</p> <p>Round to estimate the sum</p> $ \begin{array}{r} 48 + 38 \\ 50 + 40 = 90 \end{array} $	<p>Problem 5</p> <p>Layla baked 56 cookies. Amir baked 25 cookies.</p> <p>How many cookies did they bake all together ?</p> <p> <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">Tens</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">Ones</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px; text-align: center;">  </td> <td style="padding: 5px; text-align: center;">  </td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px; text-align: center;">  </td> <td style="padding: 5px; text-align: center;">  </td> </tr> </table> </p> <p>They baked 81 cookies</p>	Tens	Ones					
Tens	Ones							
								
								
<p>Problem 6</p> $ \begin{array}{r} 150 \\ + \quad 67 \\ \hline 217 \end{array} $	<p>Problem 7</p> <p>Round the number 35 to the nearest Ten to estimate the difference of:</p> $ \begin{array}{r} 87 - 21 \\ 80 - 20 = 70 \end{array} $	<p>Problem 8</p> <p>Estimate the difference of</p> $ \begin{array}{r} 150 - 82 \\ 100 - 80 = 20 \end{array} $						

REFLECT:

Directions: Reflect on your learning. What do you understand better now than you did ten lessons ago? What do you still need to work on or have questions about? Write or draw your response to the prompts.

LESSON 1 : THE RELATION BETWEEN ADDING AND SUBTRACTING USING THE FAMILY FACTS

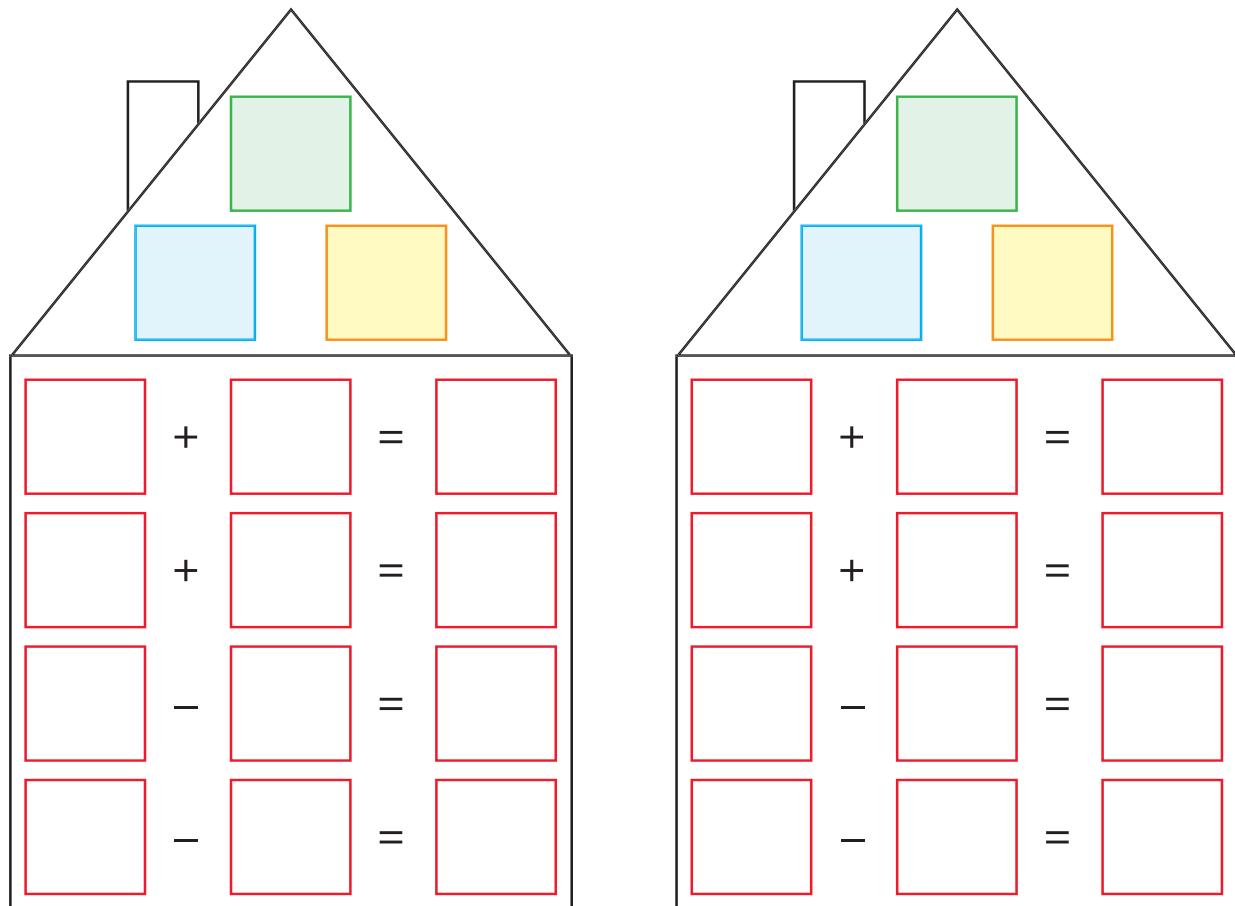
APPLY :

Directions: Turn over two cards and record the numbers in the blue and yellow boxes. Add the numbers together and record the sum in the green box. Complete the four number sentences using the three numbers.

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<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
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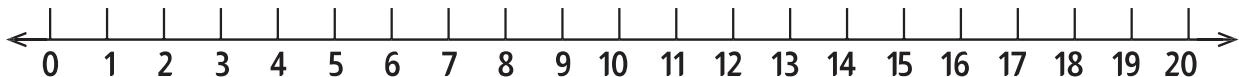
**REFLECT :**

Directions: Reflect on your learning. What is the relationship between addition and subtraction? Use pictures, numbers, or words to show your thinking.

LESSON 2 : SUBTRACTION USING THE NUMBER LINE

APPLY :

Directions: Use the number line below to subtract. Record the difference.



1. $\boxed{17} - \boxed{5} = \boxed{}$ 2. $\boxed{15} - \boxed{9} = \boxed{}$

3. $\boxed{18} - \boxed{12} = \boxed{}$ 4. $\boxed{17} - \boxed{8} = \boxed{}$

5. $\boxed{16} - \boxed{9} = \boxed{}$ 6. $\boxed{19} - \boxed{12} = \boxed{}$

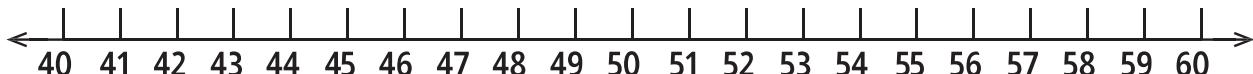
Directions: Use the number line below to subtract. Record the difference.



7. $\boxed{38} - \boxed{15} = \boxed{}$ 8. $\boxed{37} - \boxed{16} = \boxed{}$

9. $\boxed{28} - \boxed{8} = \boxed{}$

Directions: Use the number line below to subtract. Record the difference.



10. $\boxed{52} - \boxed{9} = \boxed{}$

LESSON 3 : STORY PROBLEMS ON SUBTRACTION

APPLY :

Directions: Solve the story problems.

1. Samir made 48 cookies. He gave 22 to his sister Dalia. How many cookies are left?

2. In the class there are 35 girls and 13 boys. How many more girls are there than boys?

3. Jana collected stamps. She had 180 stamps. She gave 20 to her brother. How many does she have left ?

4. Maha and Safa had 28 gifts to wrap. They have wrapped 4. How many more do they need to wrap?

5. There were 65 people on the bus. At the first stop, 21 people got off. How many people were left on the bus?

6. Jasmine has 25 photos. Walid has 14 photos. How many more photos does Jasmine have?

LESSON 4 : BREAKING NUMBERS

APPLY :

Directions: Create a number and record in the box. Record three different ways to break apart that number into smaller addends on the lines provided.

1.	<input style="border: 1px solid green; width: 40px; height: 40px; vertical-align: middle;" type="text"/>	=	<hr/> <hr/> <hr/>
2.	<input style="border: 1px solid green; width: 40px; height: 40px; vertical-align: middle;" type="text"/>	=	<hr/> <hr/> <hr/>
3.	<input style="border: 1px solid green; width: 40px; height: 40px; vertical-align: middle;" type="text"/>	=	<hr/> <hr/> <hr/>
4.	<input style="border: 1px solid green; width: 40px; height: 40px; vertical-align: middle;" type="text"/>	=	<hr/> <hr/> <hr/>

REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. Think about why it might be helpful to break up a large number into smaller parts. How could breaking up a number help you add or subtract? Give an example of a problem where breaking apart a number will help you solve it. Write or draw your answer.

LESSON 5 : SUBTRACTING NUMBERS USING THE MENTAL MATHEMATICS

APPLY :

Directions: Pick a Cluster Card. Record the letter of the card and solve the problems.

Card

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

Card

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

Card

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

Card

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

Card

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

Card

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

REFLECT:

Directions: Reflect on your learning. How do you solve a subtraction problem if you do not have a cluster set of problems before it? Write or draw your thinking.

LESSON 6 : PATTERNS OF SUBTRACTING NUMBERS WITH REGROUPING

APPLY :

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. Define regrouping in your own words. Use words, numbers, or pictures to explain your thinking.

LESSON 7 : STRATEGIES OF SUBTRACTING TWO NUMBERS USING MODELS

APPLY :

Directions: Estimate the difference. Then model using your place value materials.

Next, draw the problem, subtract, and record the difference. Compare the difference to your estimate.

1.
$$\begin{array}{r} 173 \\ - 48 \\ \hline \end{array}$$
 Estimate:

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

2.
$$\begin{array}{r} 148 \\ - 29 \\ \hline \end{array}$$
 Estimate:

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

3.
$$\begin{array}{r} 194 \\ - 77 \\ \hline \end{array}$$
 Estimate:

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

LESSON 8 : MORE STRATEGIES OF SUBTRACTING TWO NUMBERS USING MODELS

APPLY :

Directions: Estimate the difference. Then, draw the problem, subtract, write the difference, and then compare the difference to your estimate.

1.
$$\boxed{329} - \boxed{179} = \boxed{}$$
 Estimate: $\boxed{}$

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

2.
$$\boxed{245} - \boxed{63} = \boxed{}$$
 Estimate: $\boxed{}$

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

3.
$$\boxed{719} - \boxed{257} = \boxed{}$$
 Estimate: $\boxed{}$

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

LESSON 9 : SUBTRACTING TWO NUMBERS WITH REGROUPING

APPLY :

Directions: Work with your teacher to solve subtraction problems.

Record your work below.

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. What have you discovered about regrouping? What is still challenging about regrouping? Think for a moment, then use words, numbers, and pictures to record your thoughts.

LESSON 10 : ADDING AND SUBTRACTING TWO NUMBERS WITH REGROUPING

APPLY:

Directions: Solve the following addition and subtraction problems, record your solution, and regroup as needed.

1) $56 + 46 =$ _____

$2) 195 + 34 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3) $83 - 27 =$ _____

$4) 130 - 66 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

5) $38 + 223 =$ _____

6) $99 + 11 =$ _____

7) $200 - 82 =$ _____

$8) 286 + 223 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

9) $309 + 235 =$ _____

10) $360 - 115 =$ _____

REFLECT :

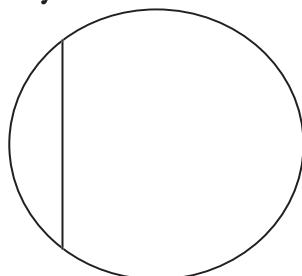
- What you learned and it was difficult at first, but you practiced and learned it.
- Do you learn best when you learn alone, with a colleague, or in a small group? In your opinion what is the reason for this?

LESSON 1 : CREATING FRACTIONS (HALVES, THIRDS AND QUARTERS)**APPLY :**

Directions: Determine if the circle is divided into equal parts or unequal parts.

Circle your answer.

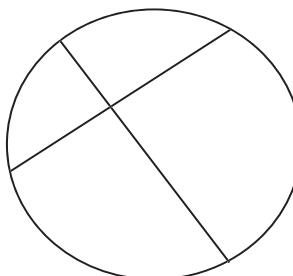
1.



equal parts

unequal parts

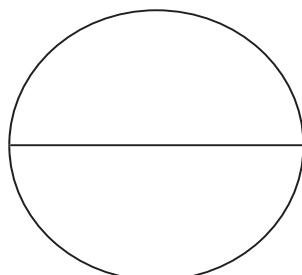
2.



equal parts

unequal parts

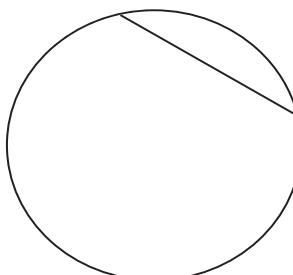
3.



equal parts

unequal parts

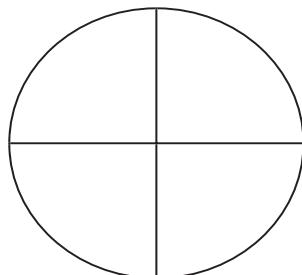
4.



equal parts

unequal parts

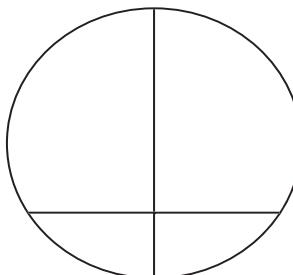
5.



equal parts

unequal parts

6.



equal parts

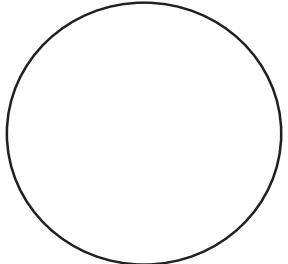
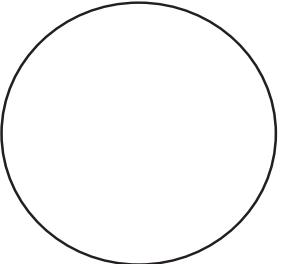
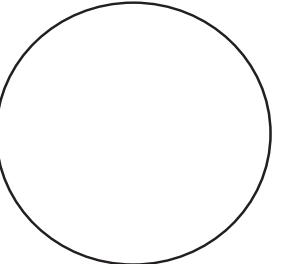
unequal parts

REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. Write about or draw what you know about fractions.

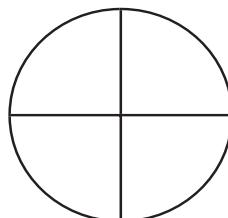
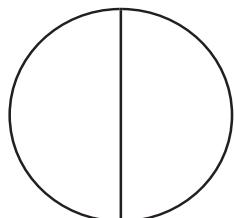
LESSON 2 : DIFFERENT FORMS FOR THE FRACTIONS (HALVES, THIRDS AND QUARTERS)**APPLY :**

Directions: Copy the information from the class chart onto the chart below.

Fraction in pictures and numbers			
Number of equal parts			
Fraction in words			
Vocabulary			

REFLECT:

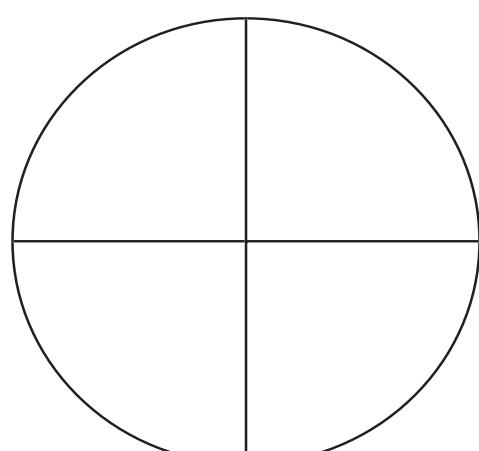
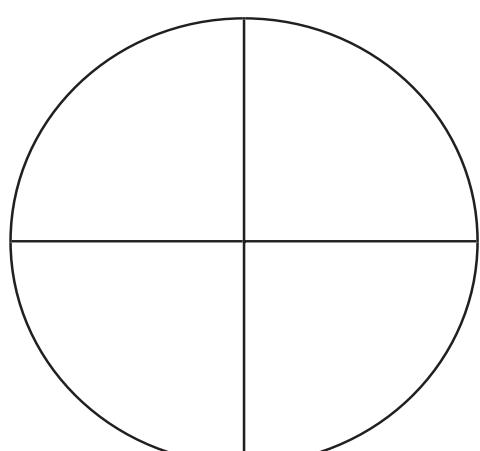
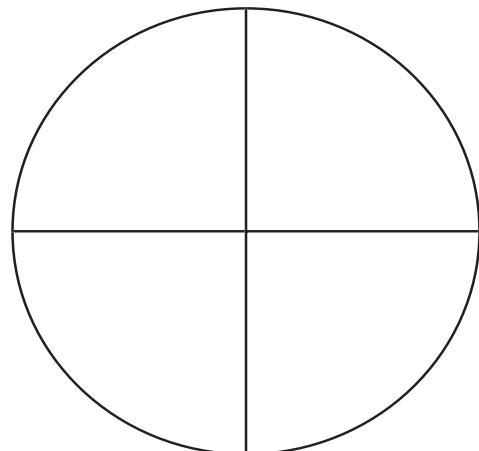
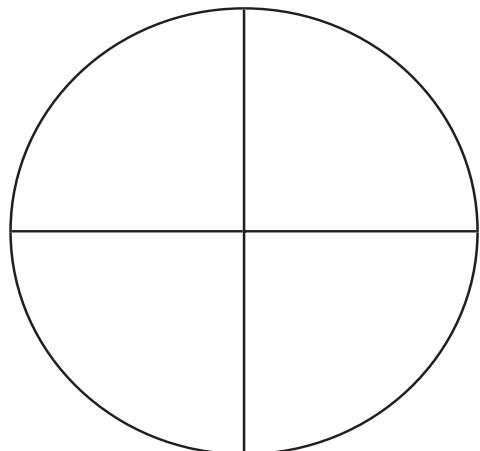
Directions: Reflect on your learning. How are a clock and a circle divided into fractions in the same ways? How are they different? Write about or draw your thinking. An example is shown below, but you can think about other times and fractions, too.



LESSON 3 : REPRESENTING AND WRITING FRACTIONS OF NUMERATORS MORE THAN 1

APPLY :

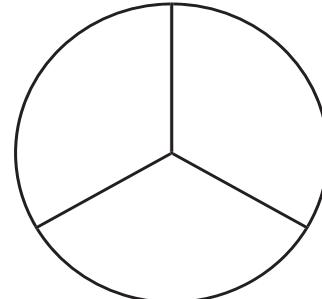
Directions: follow your teacher's directions to shade and name fractions.



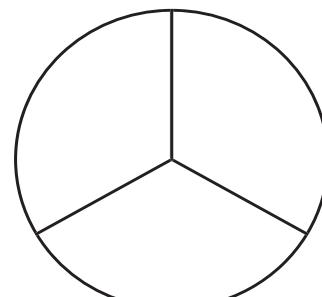
REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. Then follow the directions below.

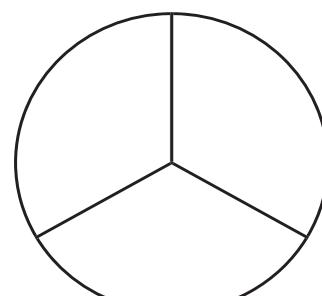
1. Shade in one piece of the circle.
Then write the fraction.



2. Shade in two pieces of the circle.
Then write the fraction.



3. Shade in three pieces of the circle.
Then write the fraction.

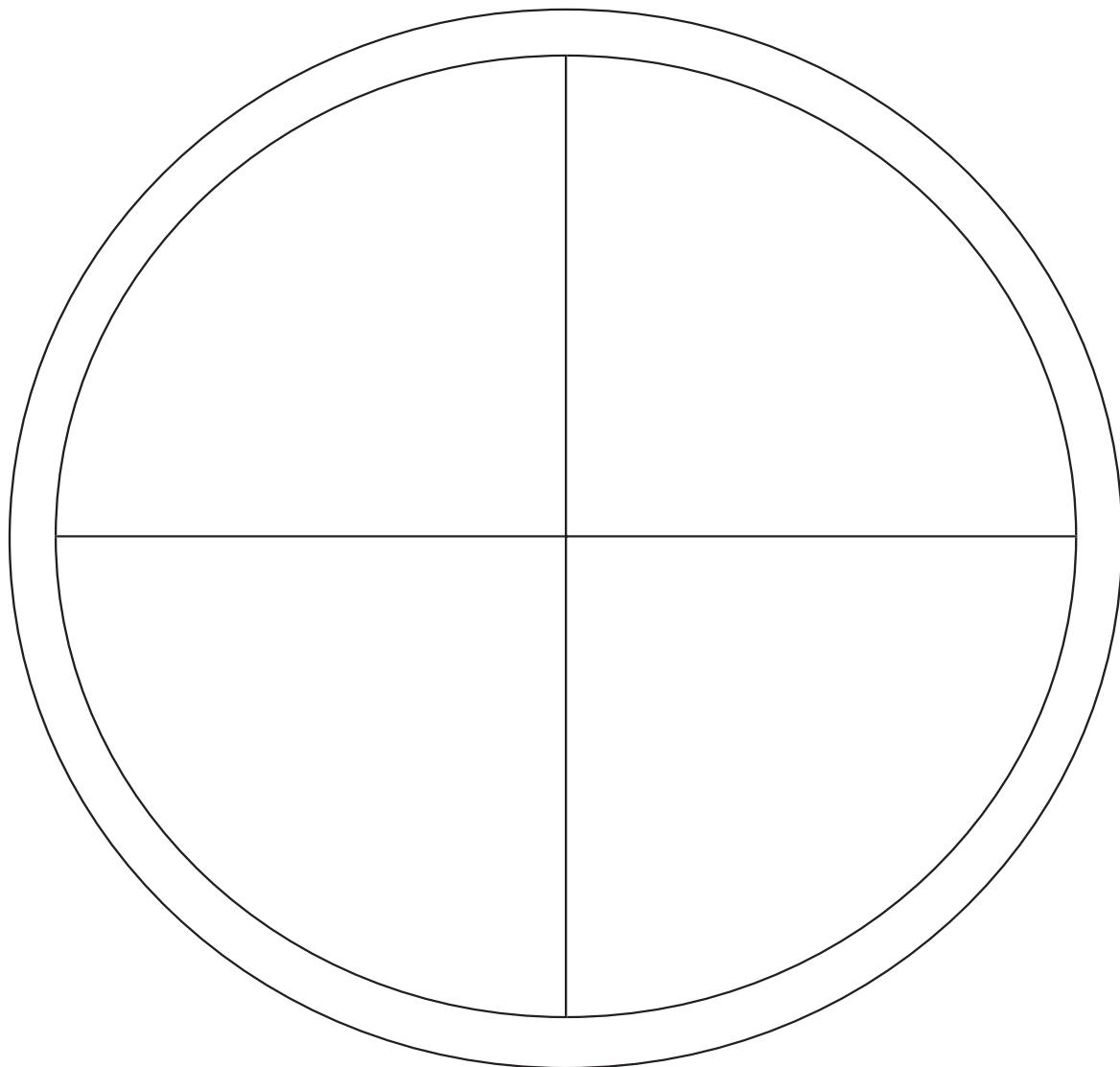


How did you know what fractions to write?

EXTENSION: Pizza Fractions

Directions: color or draw the ingredients on the pizza based on the fraction given for each.

1. Add red sauce to the whole pizza.
2. Add green peppers to $\frac{3}{4}$ of the pizza.
3. Add black olives to $\frac{1}{4}$ of the pizza.
4. Add grey mushrooms to half of the pizza.
5. Add yellow cheese to $\frac{4}{4}$ of the pizza.

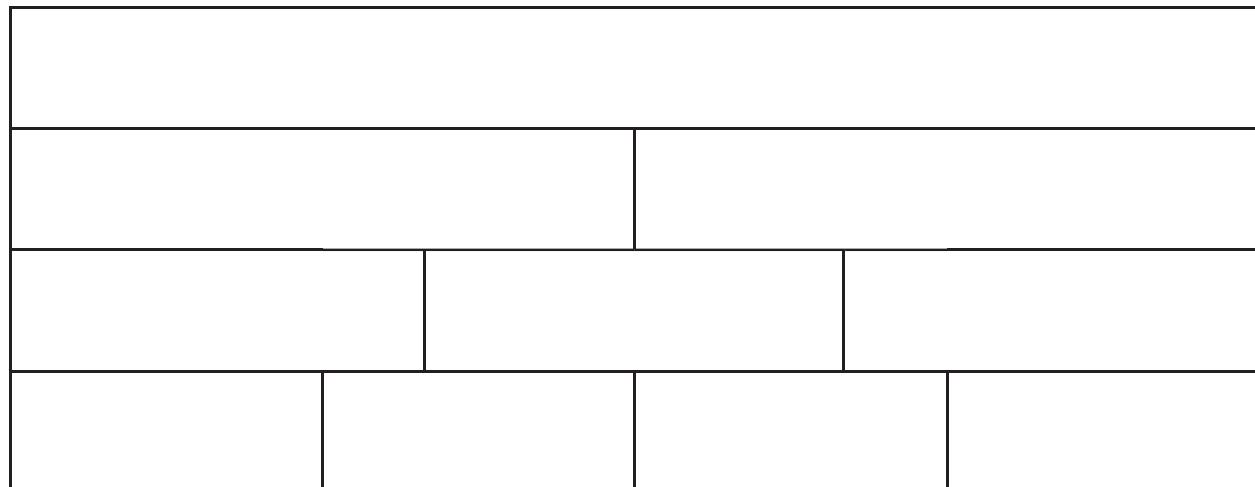


LESSON 4 : FRACTION AS A PART OF A WHOLE

APPLY :

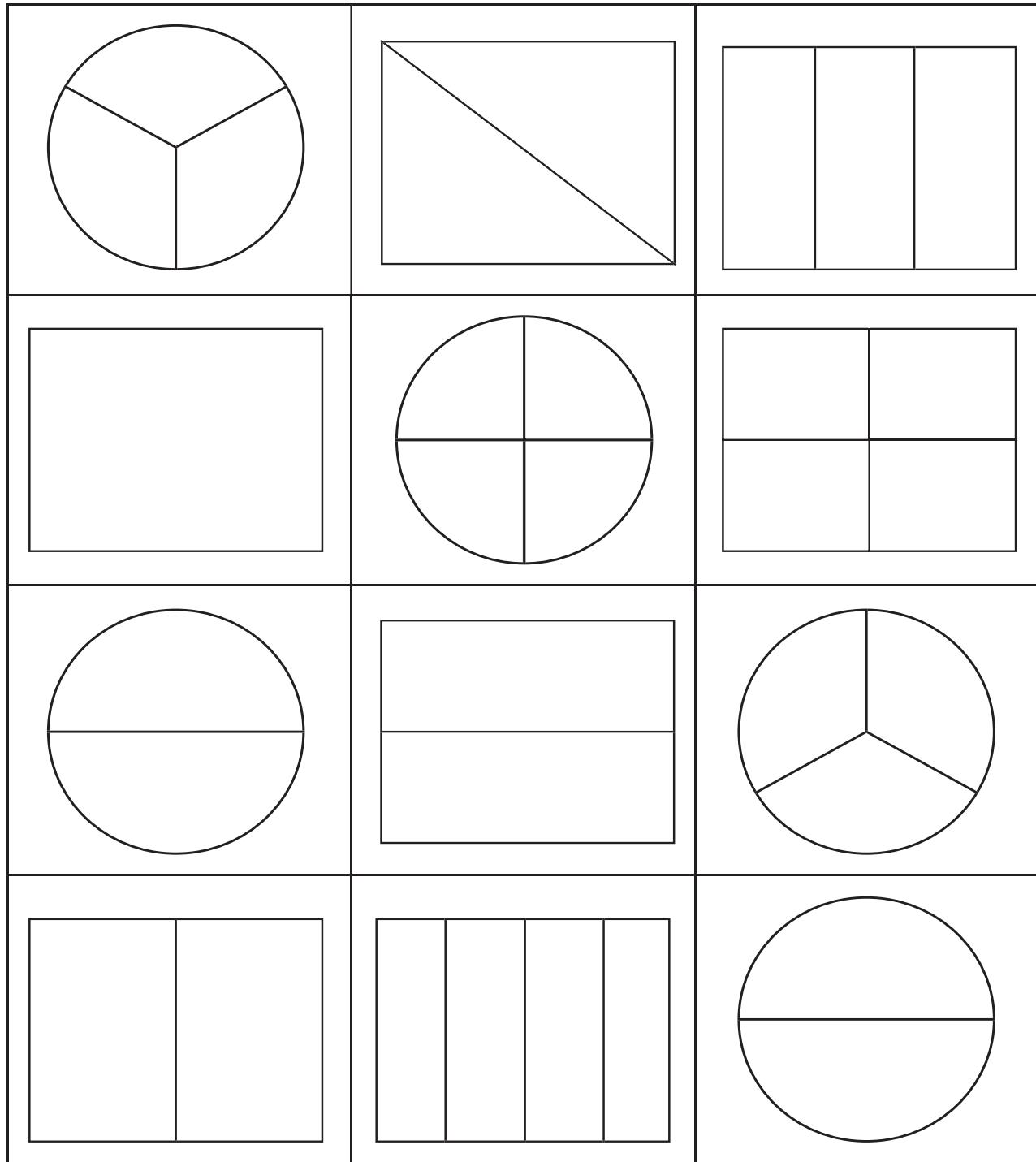
Directions: Complete the Fraction Wall.

1. Write “One Whole (1)” on the top bar. Color this bar **red**.
2. Find and label the $\frac{1}{2}$. Color the halves bars **green**.
3. Find and label the $\frac{1}{3}$. Color the thirds bars **yellow**.
4. Find and label the $\frac{1}{4}$. Color the fourths bars **blue**.



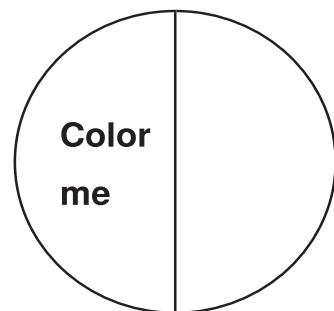
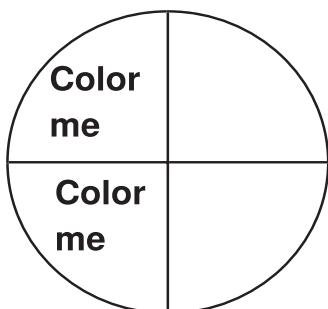
LESSON 5 : FRACTIONS' CARDS**APPLY :**

Directions: Pick a Build-a-Fraction Card. Color a shape to match the fraction on the card.



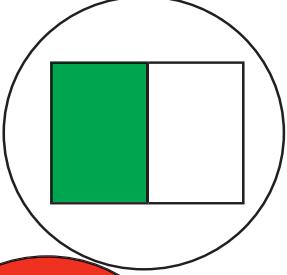
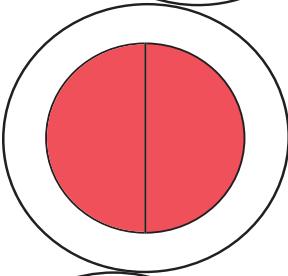
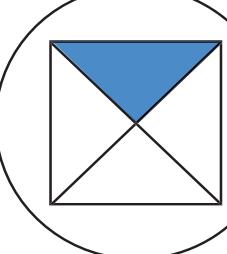
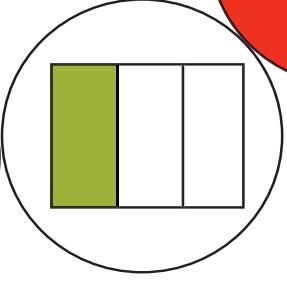
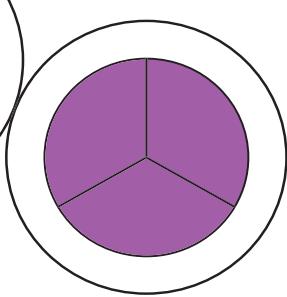
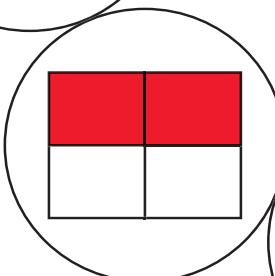
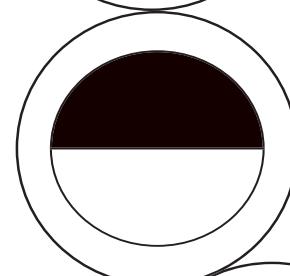
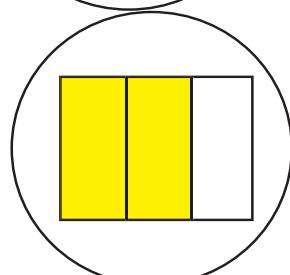
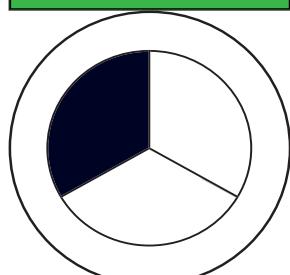
REFLECT:

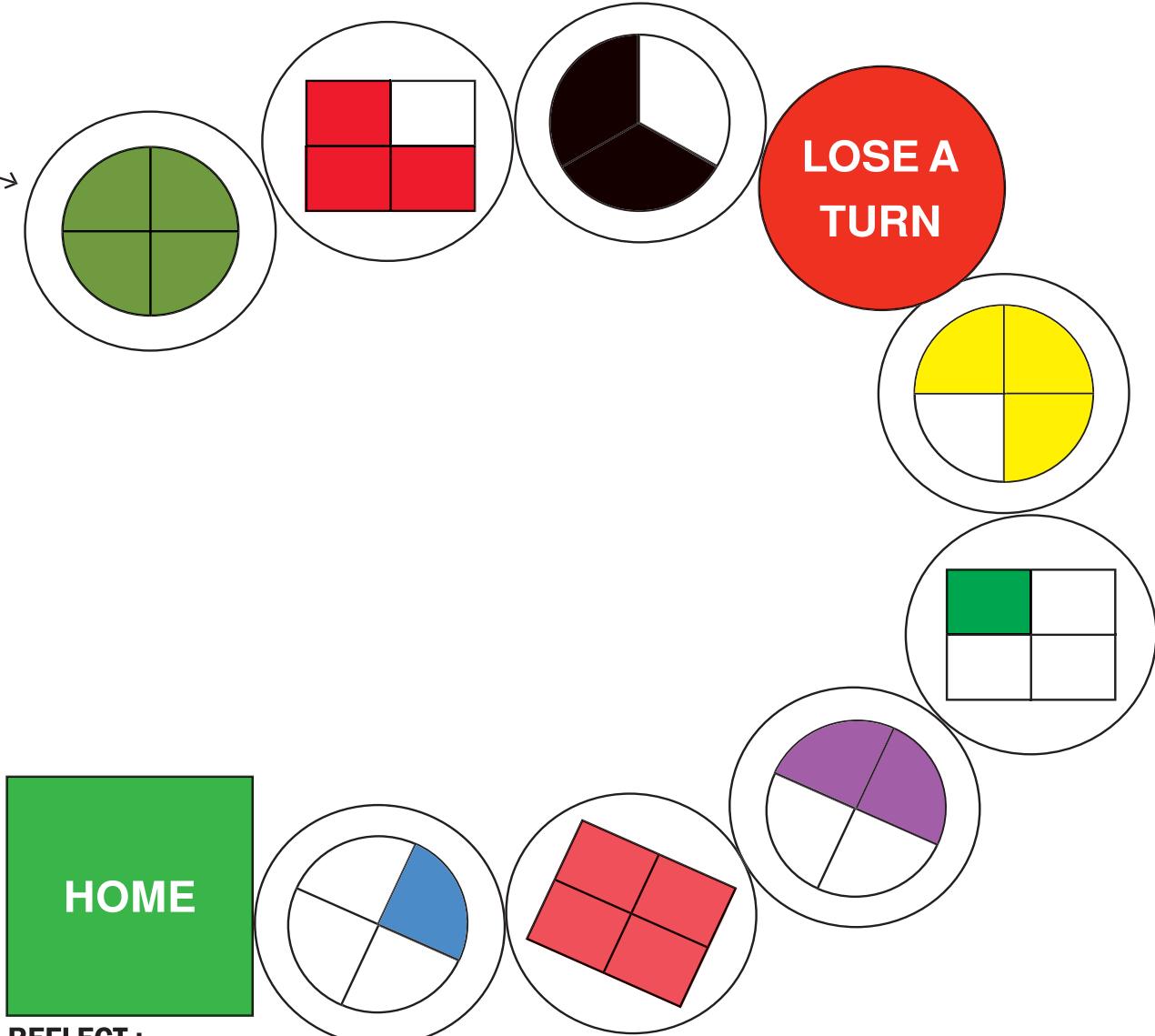
Directions: Reflect on your learning. Are the two fractions below the same or different? Write your answer and explain why you think so below.



LESSON 6 : WORK WITH FRACTIONS

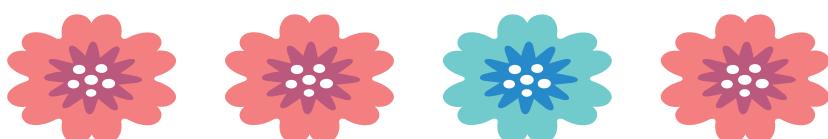
APPLY :



**REFLECT :**

Directions: Reflect on your learning. Ashraf says that $\frac{1}{4}$ of the flowers are blue. Sara says that is incorrect since fractions cannot be used to describe sets of things.

Do you agree or disagree? Why? Write or draw your explanation.



LESSON 7 : FRACTION AS A PART OF A GROUP**APPLY :**

Directions: For problems 1 through 5, shake and spill the counters, draw the picture, and then record the fraction of shaded counters. For problems 6 through 10, write the fraction of red counters in each set.

1.

Fraction of shaded counters: _____

2.

Fraction of shaded counters: _____

3.

Fraction of shaded counters: _____

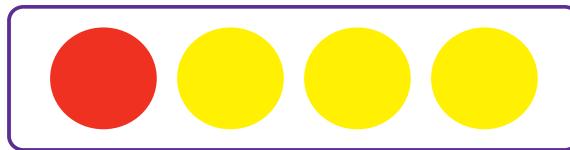
4.

Fraction of shaded counters: _____

5.

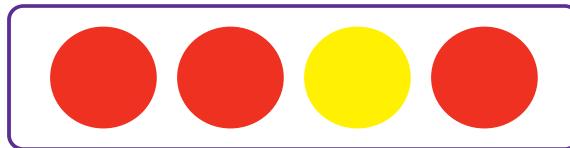
Fraction of shaded counters: _____

6.



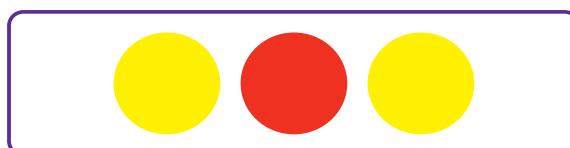
Fraction of red counters: _____

7.



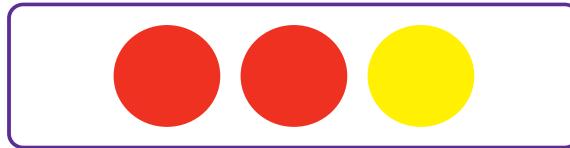
Fraction of red counters: _____

8.



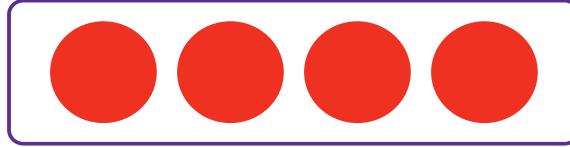
Fraction of red counters: _____

9.



Fraction of red counters: _____

10.



Fraction of red counters: _____

LESSON 8 : APPLICATIONS ON A FRACTION AS A PART OF A GROUP

APPLY :

Directions: Look at each set and answer the questions below.



1. What fraction of the flowers are red? _____
2. What fraction of the flowers are blue? _____
3. What fraction of the flowers are red AND blue? _____



1. What fraction of the bikes are red? _____
2. What fraction of the bikes are blue? _____
3. What fraction of the bikes are red AND blue? _____



1. What fraction of the apples are red? _____
2. What fraction of the apples are blue? _____
3. What fraction of the apples are green? _____



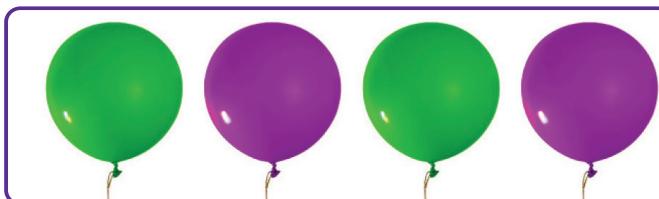
1. What fraction of the birds are blue? _____
2. What fraction of the birds are pink? _____
3. What fraction of the bird have eyes? _____



1. What fraction of the pizza has mushrooms? _____
2. What fraction of the pizza has cheese? _____
3. What fraction of the pizza has NO mushrooms? _____

REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. Create two questions about the fractions in the set of balloons



1. _____
2. _____

LESSON 9 : STORY PROBLEMS INVOLVE FRACTIONS

APPLY :

Read the story problems, then explain your answer:

<p>A) Heba has 4 cookies, she gave her friend 2 of them. what fraction is corresponding to the number of pieces that Heba shared with her friend?</p>	<p>B) Adam brought a 3-piece pizza , which he ate two pieces of it. What is the fraction of the remaining piece of pizza?</p>
<p>C) With Ibrahim a pizza consisting of two parts. He ate one of them. What fraction is corresponding to the parts of pizza that that Ibrahim ate?</p>	<p>D) Maryam had four blue beads. She gave three of them to her friends. What fraction represents the beads remaining with her?</p>
<p>E) Sarah baked a pie and cut it into four equal pieces. Her family ate 3 pieces. What fraction expresses the number of pieces remaining?</p>	<p>F) Hany was responsible for bringing footballs to the team. He brought three Balls to practice, but two of them were holed. What fraction represents the number of balls that Hany can use?</p>
<p>G) Habiba has 3 pieces of biscuit. If she eat all the pieces,What fraction represents the number of cookies that she ate?</p>	<p>H) Samy went to get a pizza . The pizza was cut into 6 slices. He ate two slices. What fraction expresses the number of slices that Samy ate?</p>

REFLECT:

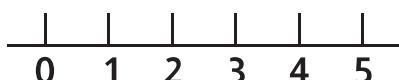
Directions: Reflect on your learning. Circle a number on the line below to represent how well you currently understand fractions. Then explain why you chose that number in the box below.

Think about:

- Do you understand what a fraction is and how to identify one?
- Can you identify fractions of a set? Can you identify fractions of a whole?
- Can you solve a story problem involving fractions?

0 = I am not doing as well as I want to.

5 = I am happy with my progress.



LESSON 10 : APPLICATIONS ON FRACTIONS

APPLY :

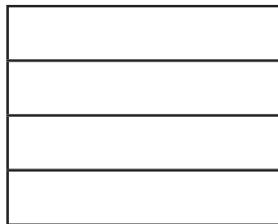
What fraction represents each color of the Egyptian flag?



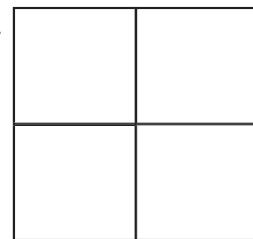
-----Red, -----white,black

Notice : the division of the following flags, then color the parts of each flag. Complete the fractions card: (Parts are equal)

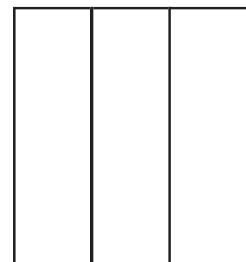
a.



b.



c.



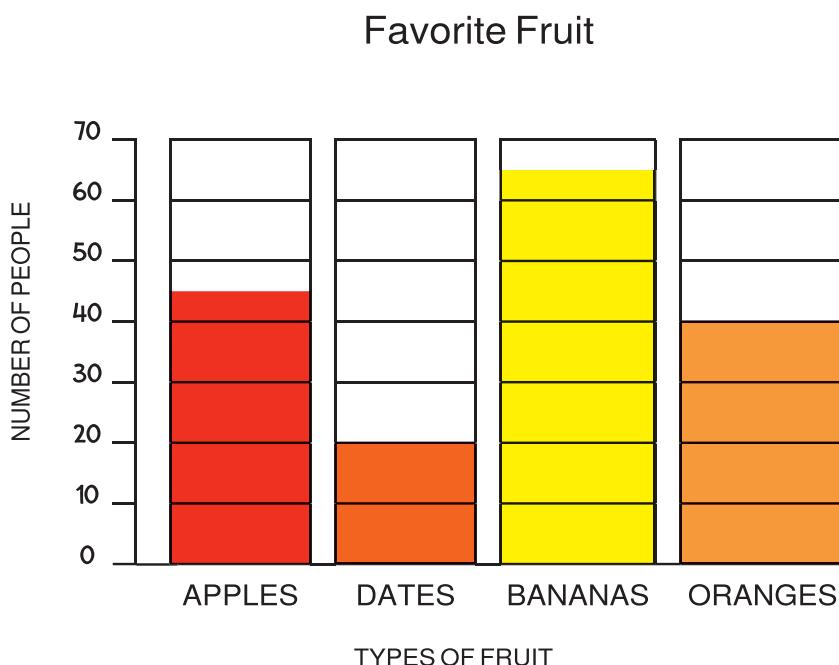
Fraction card

- The fraction expresses each part of the flag (A)
- The fraction expresses all parts of the flag (b)
- The fraction expresses each part of the flag (c)

Choose one of the flags that you colored, then write the fraction represents each color.

LESSON 1 : READING AND INTERPRETING DATA**APPLY :**

Directions: Look at the data in the bar graph and answer the questions below.

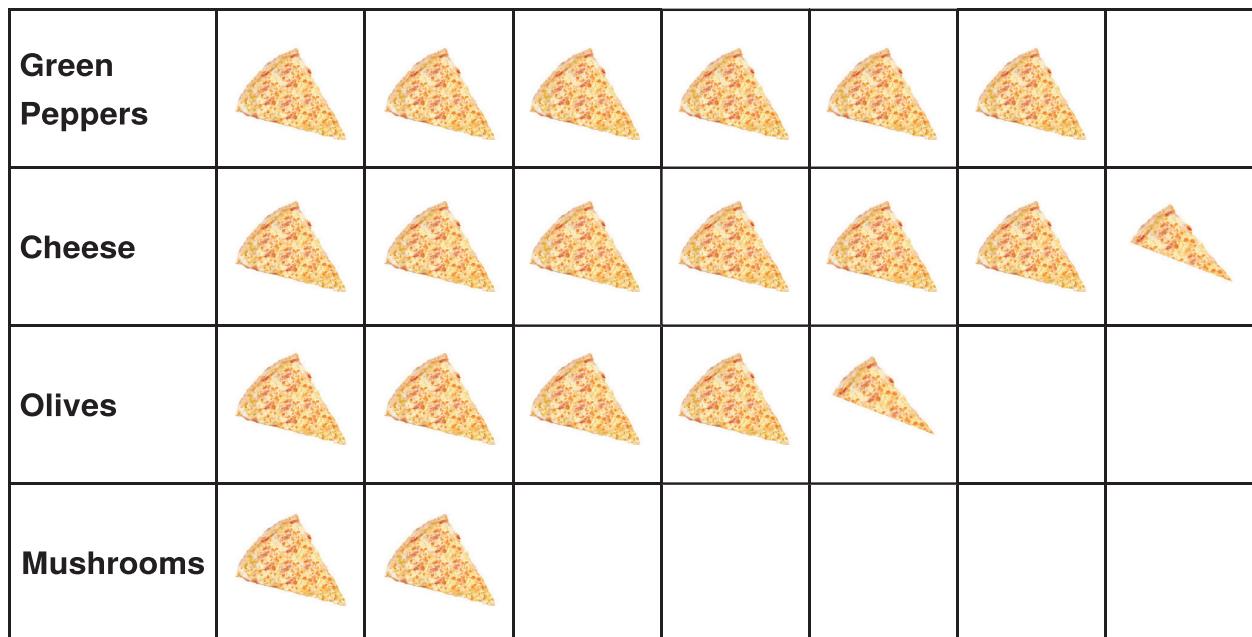


Questions :

1. How many people like oranges? _____
2. How many people like apples and bananas? _____
3. How many more people like bananas than dates? _____
4. How many people were asked about their favorite fruit? _____
5. What is the least popular fruit on this graph? _____

Directions: Look at the data in the pictograph and answer the questions below.

Favorite Pizza Topping



KEY



= 2 people

Questions :

1. How many people liked cheese and green peppers? _____
2. How many fewer people liked mushrooms than olives? _____
3. How many people liked cheese, green peppers, and olives? _____
4. How many more people liked cheese than green peppers? _____
5. What is the most popular pizza topping on this graph? _____

LESSON 2 : A SCALE FOR REPRESENTING DATA USING THE BARGRAPH**APPLY :**

Directions: Make a bar graph using the data from the story *The Magical Animals of Zioploris*. Be sure to include a title, labels, scale, and colored bars.

Title: _____

**REFLECT :**

Directions: Write two questions about the graph, and then answer them.

1. _____

Answer: _____

2. _____

Answer: _____

LESSON 3 : A SCALE FOR REPRESENTING DATA USING THE PICTOGRAPH**APPLY :**

Directions: Use the data from the part two of the story to create a pictograph below.

Title: _____

Winged Cows							
Miniature Goats							
Golden Sheep							
Rainbow Fish							

KEY

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. Imagine you are going to teach someone else how to create bar graphs and pictographs. What would you tell them? What important, helpful hints would you share? What do they need to know? Write your ideas in the box below.

LESSON 4 : APPLICATIONS ON ARRAYS

APPLY :

Directions: Write two repeated addition sentences for each array.

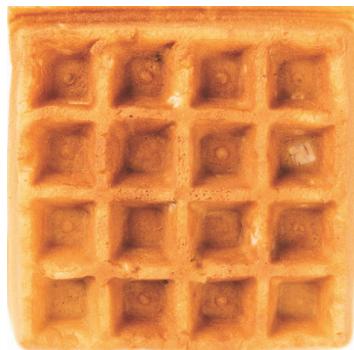


Addition Sentences



Addition Sentences

Directions: Write a sentence comparing the two arrays.

**Addition Sentences**

**Addition Sentences**

Directions: Write a sentence comparing the two arrays.

REFLECT :

Directions: Reflect on your learning. Then look around the classroom and find an array. Draw it below and explain how you know the object or image is an array.

LESSON 5 : WORK WITH ARRAYS

APPLY :

Directions: Follow the steps below.

1. One partner rolls one die to find the number of rows.
2. The other partner rolls one die to find the number of columns.
3. Write the array you rolled below (rows by columns).
4. Draw the array on your grid.
 - Try to think of the best place to put your array so you can fit more arrays on your grid. The goal is to have few or no blank squares left at the end of the game.
5. Color and label the array (on the grid).
6. Write one addition sentence for the array.

1. _____ by _____

Addition sentence: _____

5. _____ by _____

Addition sentence: _____

2. _____ by _____

Addition sentence: _____

6. _____ by _____

Addition sentence: _____

3. _____ by _____

Addition sentence: _____

7. _____ by _____

Addition sentence: _____

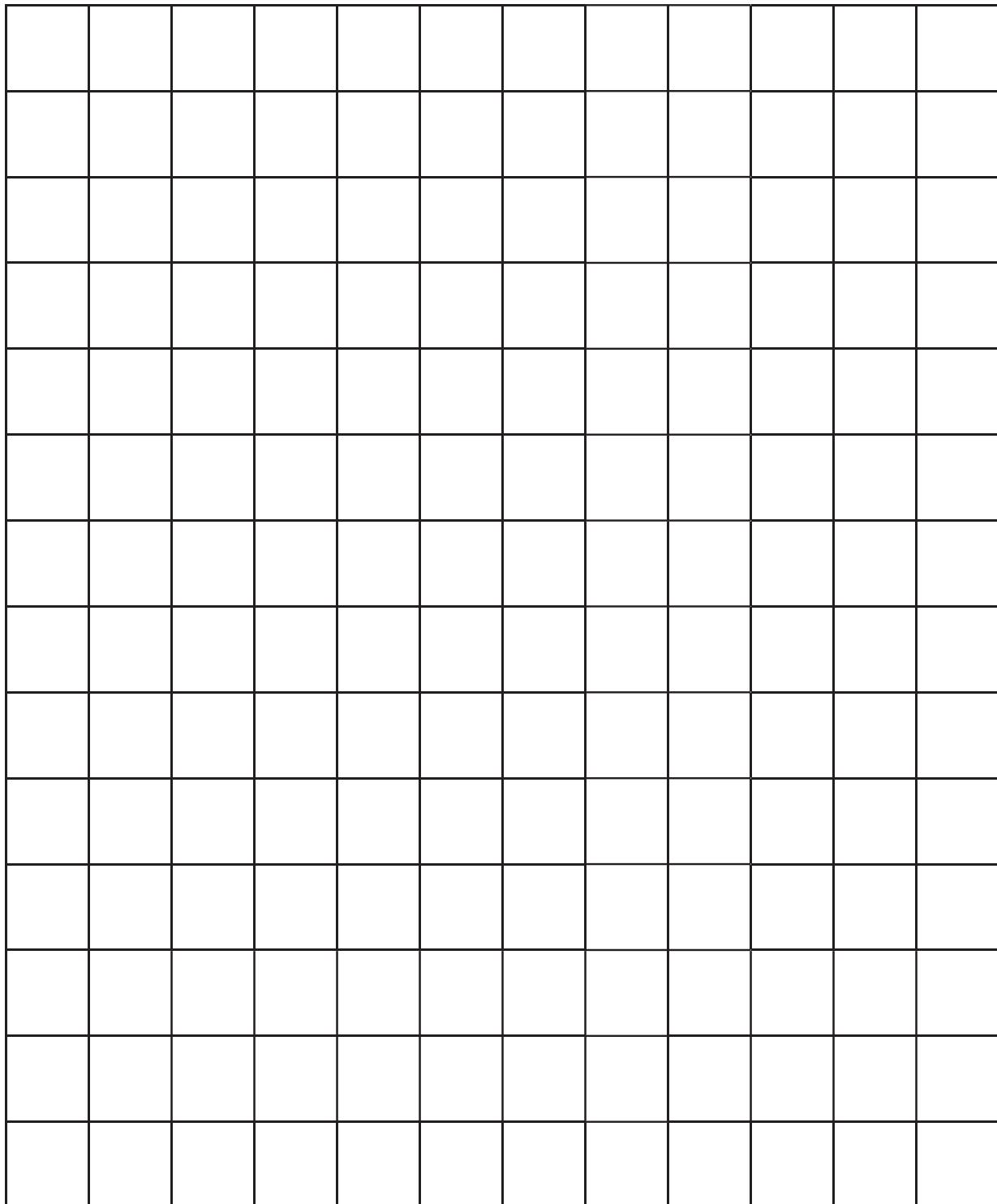
4. _____ by _____

Addition sentence: _____

8. _____ by _____

Addition sentence: _____

ARRAY BLOCKS



LESSON 6 : STRATEGIES FOR ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION

APPLY :

Directions: Solve each problem below. Be sure to show how you solved the problem. Then compare your problem-solving strategy with your partner's strategy. If you did not get the same answer, find and correct the error.

1. $84 + 69 =$

My strategy:

2. $93 - 67 =$

My strategy:

3. $313 + 269 =$

My strategy:

4. $265 - 119 =$

My strategy:

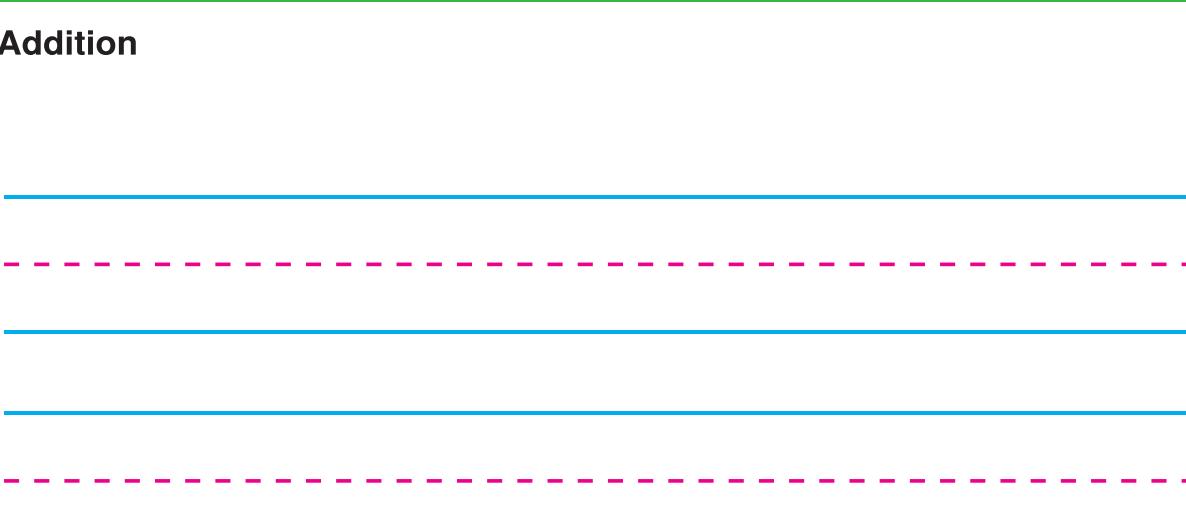
REFLECT:

Directions: Reflect on your learning. In the box below, respond to the following questions.

- **What is your favorite addition strategy? Why?**
- **What is your favorite subtraction strategy? Why?**
- **Include examples to support your thinking.**

Addition

Addition



The page features a title 'Addition' in a large, bold, black font at the top left. Below the title are four sets of horizontal lines for handwriting practice. Each set consists of a solid blue line at the top, a dashed magenta line in the middle, and a solid blue line at the bottom. These lines provide a guide for letter height and placement.

Subtraction

Subtraction

LESSON 7 : STORY PROBLEMS ON ADDING AND SUBTRACTING

APPLY :

Directions: Choose one addition problem and one subtraction problem from the board. Write them below. Then, write a story problem for each of them. Finally, solve the problem and record your answer.

Addition problem:

$$\boxed{\quad} + \boxed{\quad} = \boxed{\quad}$$

Subtraction problem:

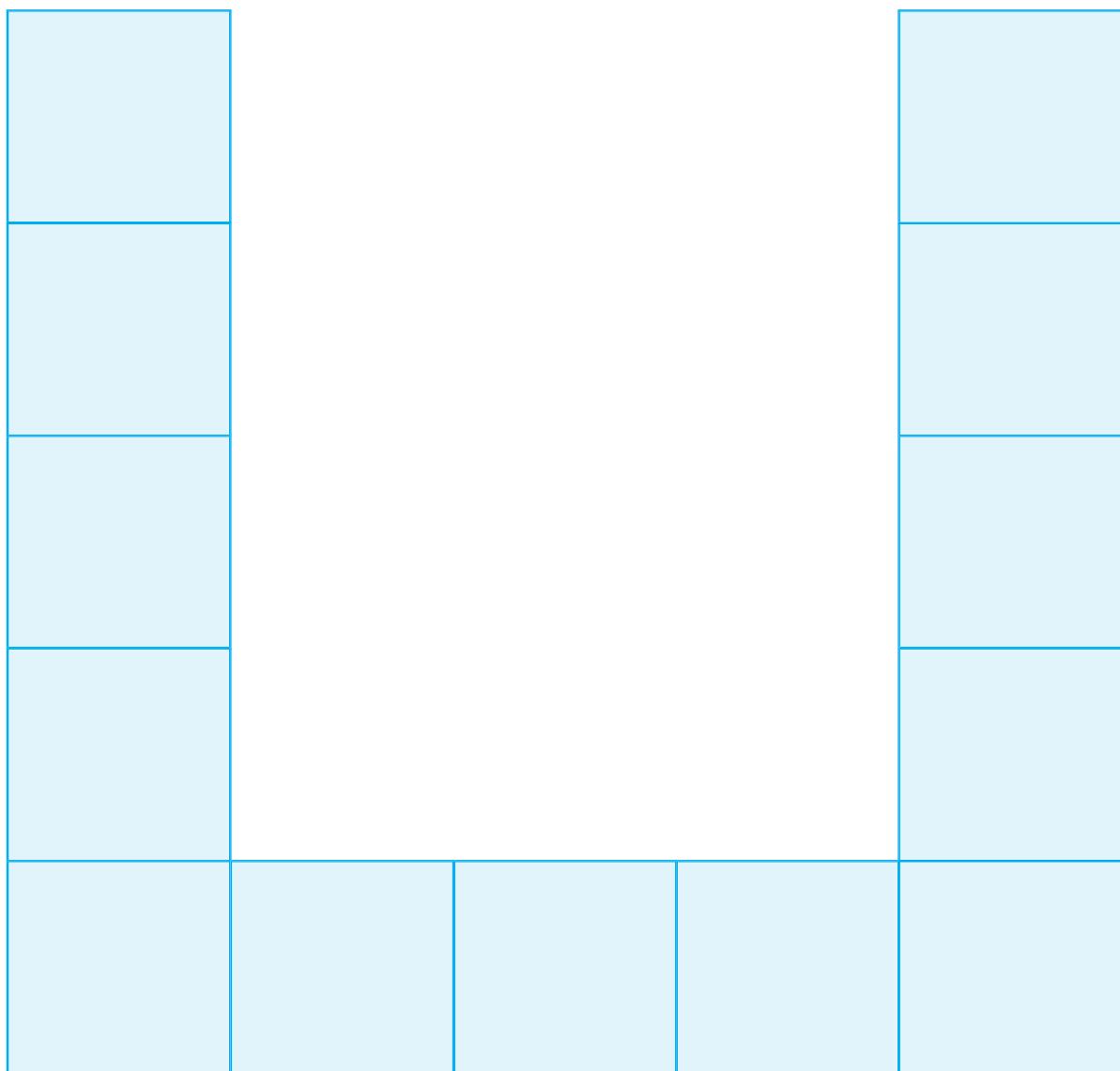
$$\boxed{\quad} - \boxed{\quad} = \boxed{\quad}$$

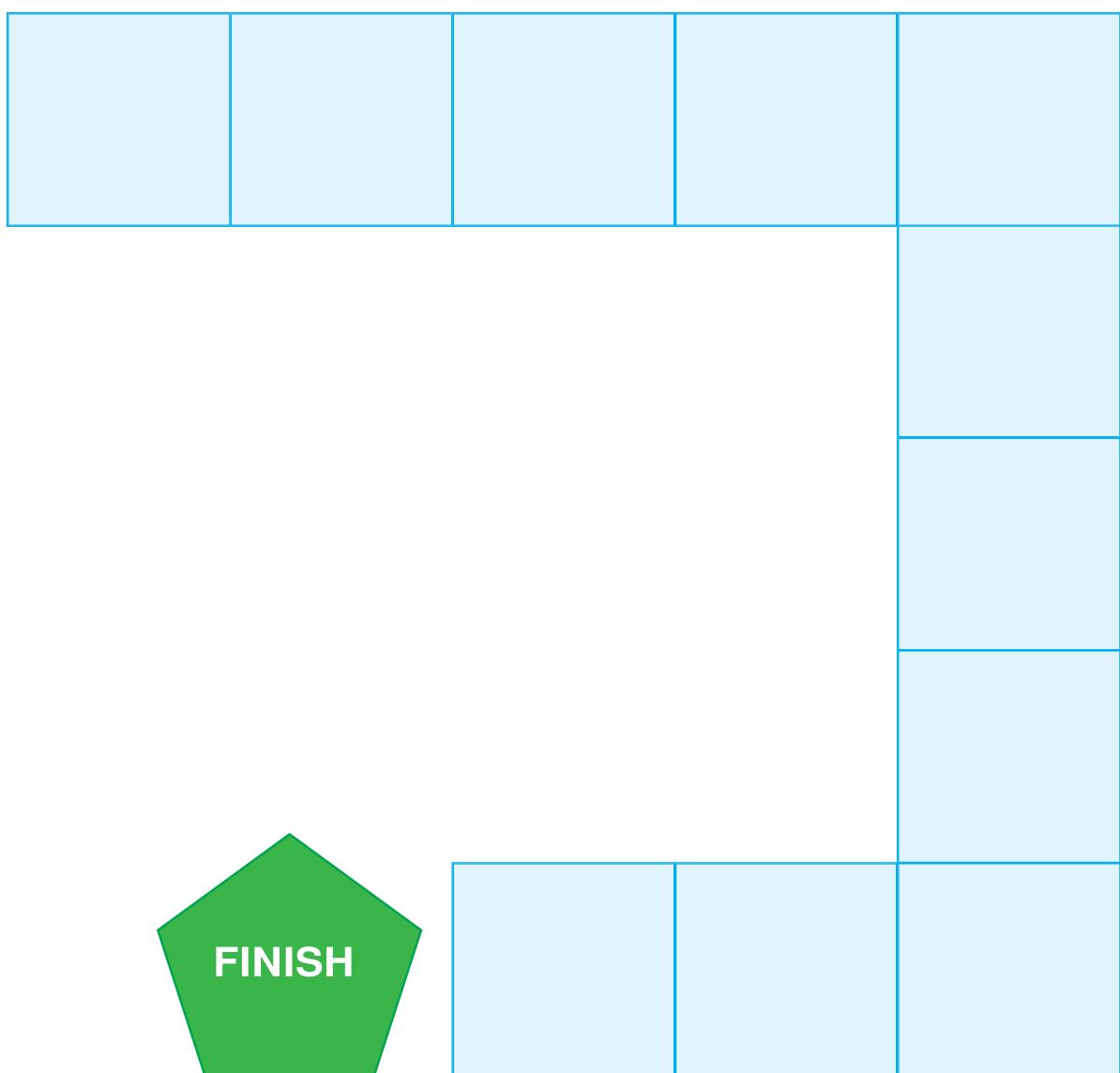
LESSON 8 : WORK WITH ADDING AND SUBTRACTING

APPLY :

MATH GAME

START



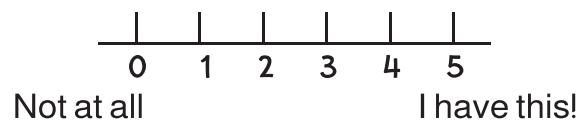


REFLECT :

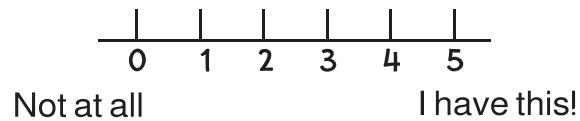
Directions: Reflect on your learning. Think about your answers to the questions below. Then circle a number on the line below to show how you feel about your understanding of regrouping. Explain why you chose that number.

Think about:

- Do I understand how to regroup Ones and Tens?
- Can I regroup without using the place value mat or straws?
- Could I explain how to regroup to someone else?



Regrouping with Addition.



Regrouping with Subtraction.

LESSON 9 : WHAT DID YOU LEARN IN MATHEMATICS?**APPLY :**

Part 1 Directions: Take notes about each area of mathematics we studied this year.

Record notes in the chart below. Then select three topics to write about.

THE BIG 5 OF PRIMARY 2

OPERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING	_____ _____ _____ _____ _____
NUMBERS AND OPERATIONS IN BASE TEN	_____ _____ _____ _____ _____
MEASUREMENT	_____ _____ _____ _____ _____
DATA	_____ _____ _____ _____ _____
GEOMETRY	_____ _____ _____ _____ _____

REFLECT :

Part 2 Directions: Write the topics you selected at the top of the chart. Record information, examples, rules, and more about each topic.

MY TOP 3 OF PRIMARY 2

Topic 1	_____
Topic 2	_____
Topic 3	_____

LESSON 10 : WRITING A MESSAGE ABOUT MATHEMATICS**APPLY :**

Directions: Write a letter to a Primary 1 student telling them about some of the mathematics they will learn in Primary 2.



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المواصفات الفنية:

٨٢×٥٧ ١/٨	مقاس الكتاب:
٤ لون	طبع المتن:
٤ لون	طبع الغلاف:
٨٠ جرام أبيض	ورق المتن:
٢٠٠ جرام كوشيه	ورق الغلاف:
١٠٠ صفحة	عدد الصفحات
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